

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, MAR. 8, 1894.

NUMBER 28.

**NEW CLOTHING.**  
**NEW BOOTS & SHOES.**  
**NEW DRY GOODS.**  
**NEW CARPETS.**  
**AT THE NEW STORE.**

**DON'T Fail to See the New STYLES.**

Prices to Suit the Times.

**W. P. SCHENK & CO.**

**SPRING**

Is coming and you will need something for Baby, and we have got it in the best selected stock of

**Baby Carriages**

At all prices and styles, either steel or rubber tires.

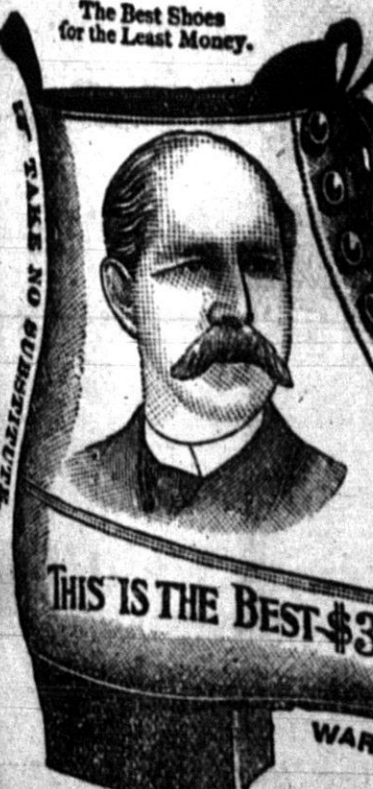
**WE HAVE**

Just received our new stock of Glassware, at lower prices than ever before, and would be pleased to have you call and see it.

**HOAG & HOLMES.**

Headquarters for Picture Framing.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.



**W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.**

\$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe.  
\$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.  
\$2.50, \$2 for Workingmen.  
\$2 and \$1.75 for Boys.  
**LADIES AND MISSES,**  
\$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75

CAUTION.—If any dealer offers you W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without the name stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

**THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.**

**WARRANTED**

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co., Chelsea.

## The Nomination.

Next Monday is charter election day, at which time the tax-payers of Chelsea are to decide who shall have charge of the affairs of the village during the coming year.

At the People's Caucus held at 7.30 Monday evening the following ticket was selected:

President—J. D. Schmittman.  
Clerk—John B. Cole.  
Treasurer—Louis T. Freeman.  
Trustees—W. F. Riemenschneider.  
J. P. Foster.  
A. C. Pierce.  
Assessor—G. W. Beckwith.  
Constable—Wm. Lewick.

At the close of the above caucus the Citizen's nominated the following ticket:

President—John Cook.  
Clerk—John B. Cole.  
Treasurer—Louis T. Freeman.  
Trustees—W. F. Riemenschneider.  
J. P. Foster.  
A. C. Pierce.  
Assessor—G. W. Beckwith.  
Constable—Wm. Lewick.

After this caucus the Union party assembled and nominated the following ticket:

President—Wm. Bacon.  
Clerk—John B. Cole.  
Treasurer—Louis T. Freeman.  
Trustees—W. F. Riemenschneider.  
W. P. Schenk.  
Ernest R. Dancer.  
Assessor—Albert Winans.  
Constable—Rush Green.

## Henry Franklin Found.

Henry Franklin, of Sylvan Center, who disappeared Feb. 9, was found frozen stiff in R. West's orchard, half a mile east of his home, by Bert Young and John Ross last Thursday, March 1st.

Justice E. A. Ward was summoned, and a jury empanelled as follows: Samuel Guthrie, Albert Gutrie, Wm. Laird, J. A. Dancer, M. M. Campbell and Geo. Beckwith, who with the justice viewed the remains and adjourned until after dinner, when they again met and brought in the following verdict: "Henry Franklin came to his death from heart failure, aggravated by exposure to the inclemency of the weather."

The remains were taken to Frank Staffan's undertaking rooms where they remained until Sunday, when the funeral was held from the Sylvan church, Rev. O. C. Bailey officiating. R. P. Carpenter Post, G. A. R., of which deceased was a member, attended in a body.

## Low Price of Wheat.

The ruinously low price of wheat is one of the most important problems which confronts the American farmer today says the Livingston Democrat. The decline in the price of wheat has been steady for several years, but the last two years have marked the lowest level, so that in 1892 the average farm price per bushel was down to 63.2 cents and in 1893 it sunk to 52.1 cents—the lowest price on record. The New York Times, in a careful article, shows that this downward progress has been independent of short crops here or famines in Europe, concludes that the cause must be looked for elsewhere, and finds them in fact that India and the Argentine Republic have been coming to the front as large producers of wheat. Since 1880 India has increased her exports of wheat to Europe from 5,000,000 bushels to 56,000,000; but averages about 30,000,000. The Argentine Republic, however, has begun to send wheat to Europe at a rate which has already put that country in the third place as a wheat exporter, the order now standing thus: United States, Russia, Argentine and India. In 1893 over 40,000,000 bushels left Argentine for Europe. This year the estimate is 60,000,000. Here is a country which was unheard of in the wheat market in 1884, that now ranks next to the United States in its export of the staple. As this condition of things is likely to be permanent, the Times concludes that a re-adjustment of crops is necessary in the United States, by which we shall grow less wheat and put the land to other uses.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

For sale or rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Enquire of U. H. Townsend.

F. P. GLAZIER.

S. C. STIMSON.

**WALL**

**PAPER**

**At The Bank Drug Store.**

The season rolls round again and brings with it one of the best selected stocks of paper that it has ever been our pleasure to show our customers. We have combined

**Beauty and Elegance of Design, Originality and Style,**  
In as complete a manner as the best manufacturing houses in the United States are able to do and we are prepared to please the most exacting

**We Can Hit You.**

On all styles and qualities of goods and will show you very pretty designs at figures too small to mention. Our long experience in handling these goods enables us to know exactly what will please you and our large and complete stock gives you an unusually good opportunity of exercising your taste. Don't buy any quantity of paper without giving us a call as we can positively

**Save You Money.**

All dollar Medicines 90c per bottle.  
All 50c Medicines 45c per bottle.  
All 25c Medicines 25c each.  
Choice Figs 8c per lb.

Fine Dried Beef 7c per lb.  
21 lbs Granulated Sugar for \$1.00  
4 lbs. Choice Prunes for 25c.  
Good Seedless Raisins 3c per lb.

See price-list on inside page.

**F. P. Glazier & Co.**

OVER 700 KINDS AND SIZES FROM \$10.00 TO \$75.00

THE GENUINE ALL BEAR THIS TRADE-MARK. Beware of imitations.



**GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES**  
The World's Best

**WE**  
Have added to our well assorted stock of Furniture a nice assortment of

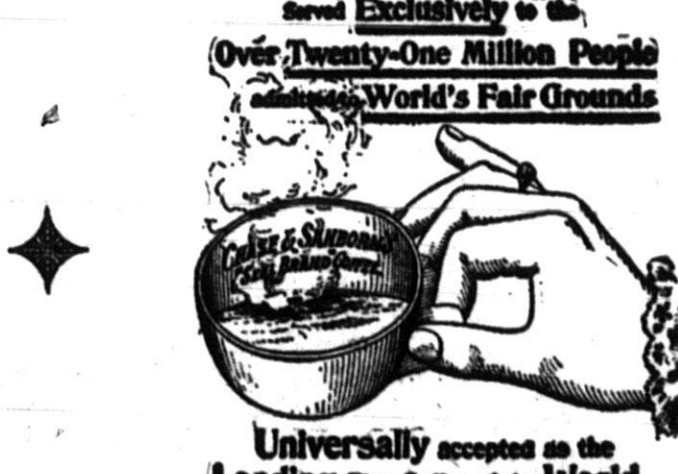
**Picture Molding.**

Different styles and prices, and are now prepared to do all kinds of work in framing pictures on short notice and in a first-class manner. Give us a trial.

**W. J. KNAPP.**

**COFFEES**

Served Exclusively to the  
Over Twenty-One Million People  
at the World's Fair Grounds



Universally accepted as the  
Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

We have secured the exclusive sale of Chase & Sanborn's Coffee, and we carry a complete line in stock. Remember this Coffee cannot be obtained from any other store in Chelsea. Give it a trial and be convinced of its merits.

**GEO. BLAICH.**

**JOHN BAUMGARDNER,**

Designer and Builder of

**Artistic Granite Memorials.**

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1862.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works n. s. 12 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

### CONGRESSIONAL- Regular Session.

Is the senate on the 26th the committee on foreign relations presented the report of its investigation of Hawaiian affairs. The report declares emphatically against monarchism; supports Minister Stevens' recognition of the provisional government, but disavows the protectorate; favors annexation without making any direct recommendation; condemns Queen Liliuokalani and finds that she was the aggressor in the revolution that secured her overthrow. In the house Mr. Bland, being unable to secure a quorum on the seigniorage bill, concluded to allow the debate on the bill to proceed for another day.

A LARGE number of petitions were presented in the senate on the 27th protesting against a reduction of the existing duties on wool and various other features of the tariff bill. A bill was introduced for the establishment of a national university. In the house resolutions were presented to investigate the action of several United States judges who have issued injunctions in railroad cases. A bill was introduced to amend the revised statutes so as to permit, in civil cases, the verdict of three-fourths of the jurors constituting the jury to stand as the verdict of the jury. The silver seigniorage bill was further discussed.

On the 28th ult., the senate held a two hours' session, the whole of which was given to a speech by Senator Frye in opposition to the president's Hawaiian policy. In the house the deadlock on the seigniorage bill was broken after two weeks of filibustering, but upon a question for a special order to discharge the committee of the whole from further consideration of the bill the quorum disappeared and no action could be taken.

On the 1st a resolution was introduced in the senate providing for the establishment of a tariff commission of nine to regulate the tariff on the basis of the difference of wages here and abroad. A bill was introduced for the erection of a statue at the treasury department to Gen. F. E. Spinner. The house bill providing for urgent deficiencies was passed. In the house the long struggle over the Bland bill for the coinage of the silver seigniorage and the silver bullion in the treasury was ended by the passage of the bill by a vote of 167 to 130.

THE senate was not in session on the 2d, but in the house the fortifications bill (\$8,000,000) was passed. The pension bill was taken up and general debate consumed the remainder of the day. The aggregate of the bill is nearly \$152,000,000. Ex-Speaker Grow, the newly elected congressman at large from Pennsylvania, was sworn in. At the evening session private pension bills were considered.

### DOMESTIC.

OFFICIALS of Chicago railway lines have decided to pay no further attention to the interstate commerce law.

ISAAC P. BERG and wife, a young couple living near Marion Junction, S. D., were suffocated in their beds by coal gas.

JUDGE WILLIS, of St. Paul, decided that newspapers taking sides in a case on trial was contempt of court.

JUDGE GILLET, of Lake county, Ind., instructed the grand jury to root out the Roby race track crowd.

THE report from Georgetown, Col., that citizens of that place were signing a petition in favor of the silver states seceding and joining Mexico proves to have been a canard.

MAK WRIGHT, a prominent farmer, and two young companions perished in a snowstorm near Jackson, Tenn.

THE Peace Association of Friends in America was organized at Richmond, Ind., the object being to promote peace and to settle difficulties between individuals, labor and capital and nations by arbitration.

THE bill providing for the consolidation of New York with Brooklyn and its suburbs has been signed by Gov. Flower.

AT Linden, Mich., a platform collapsed and twenty-five or thirty persons were more or less injured.

WILLIAM E. BURR, cashier of the St. Louis national bank at St. Louis, was arrested on a charge of embezzling \$67,000.

WILLIAM RYAN, a potter, 25 years old, shot his wife Christina at Trenton, N. J., and then fired a bullet into his brain and died instantly. No cause was known.

JOSEPH DONJAN, of Baltimore, who threatened Vice President Stevenson by mail, was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment.

NEARLY all the remaining world's fair employees were discharged, a total of about 600. Work was nearly finished.

THE resolution for a woman suffrage amendment to the Iowa constitution was defeated in the state senate by 26 to 20.

THE Columbian Fire Insurance company of America filed a deed of assignment at Louisville, Ky., with liabilities of \$125,000.

BURGERS killed Township Treasurer Henry Geierman's wife, seriously wounded him and secured \$700 near Exeter, Mich.

EIGHTEEN fishermen who lived at Gloucester, Mass., were lost in an eastern coast storm. They were members of the crews of the Henrietta and Resolute.

PITCHER McNABB, of last year's Baltimore baseball team, shot and fatally wounded Mrs. R. E. Rockwell and then killed himself in a hotel at Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE National Baseball league season will open April 19.

A BLOODY riot occurred in the Kanawha coal region at Eagle, W. Va., in which at least one man was killed, three fatally injured and many others hurt. Troops were ordered to the scene.

JESSE HICKMAN, a farmer near Glasgow, Ala., cut down a tree near his home and in falling it struck his two daughters and killed them.

AT Emporia, Kan., Mary C. Davis was divorced from her husband, John Davis. This was the fifth time one or the other of these two had sued for divorce, and each time the divorce had been annulled by a remarriage.

THE public debt statement issued on the 1st showed that the debt increased \$40,064,215 during the month of February. The cash balance in the treasury was \$787,075,834. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$1,007,350,015.

CHARLES SALLYARDS was hanged at Carlisle, Pa., for the murder of Policeman George E. Martin.

HENRY BAKER and William Thompson, negro burglars, killed Mrs. Moore Baker and her child at Franklin Park, N. J., and were themselves killed by Moore Baker after a desperate fight.

COLBY BROS.' livery barn at Fort Dodge, Ia., with contents, was destroyed by fire and twenty-eight head of horses were roasted alive.

NOTICES were posted by white caps commanding all negroes to leave Pike county, Ala., by March 10 under penalty of lynching.

MEMBERS of the Protestant societies would ask the courts for an order enjoining Catholic nuns from teaching in the public schools of Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHITE CAPS took Wesley Thomas and his wife, aged negroes, from their beds at Brantley, Ala., and whipped them so severely that their lives were despaired of.

JOHN CARBERRY died at Newark, N. J., of hiccoughs. It was thirteen weeks ago that the disease attacked him.

HENRY's opera house and other buildings were burned at North Baltimore, O., the loss being \$100,000.

FRANK RIPPY and Charles Dawson were killed by an explosion in a planing mill at Warsaw, Ind., and two other men were fatally injured.

Z. T. WHITE was fined \$500 for aiding in the hanging in effigy of Secretary Morton at Nebraska City.

MISS ELLA MAY DICKERSON, aged 24, and Aunt Betsy Davis, aged 107 years, were fatally burned in the poor house at Muncie, Ind., their clothes taking fire from a grate.

A VERDICT of \$5,000 against the defendant was given at Indianapolis in the first case tried under the co-employees' liability law.

NINE eloping Kentucky couples crossed the river to Jeffersonville, Ind., and were married.

THE Commercial bank of Milwaukee resumed business after having been in the hands of an assignee for seven months.

JAMES J. CORBETT, the prize fighter, was found not guilty of violating the law by a jury at Jacksonville, Fla.

THE Dexter (Mich.) savings bank was robbed of \$3,000 by two masked men, who forced the assistant cashier to open the safe.

JOHN Y. MCKANE, convicted at Gravesend, N. Y., of political frauds, was taken to Sing Sing to serve his sentence of six years, all attempts at securing a stay having failed.

SIX THOUSAND miners quit work in Jackson county, O., because the operators wished to reduce wages to fifty cents a ton.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 2d aggregated \$838,528,166, against \$991,491,780 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 39.0.

THERE were 264 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 2d, against 288 the week previous and 206 in the corresponding time in 1893.

In the opal mines near Caldwell, Idaho, an opal has been found as large as a hen's egg and without a flaw.

TWO MEN were instantly killed, two fatally burned and five others dangerously hurt in an explosion in a coal mine near Leeds, Mo.

WATERMAN & KATZ, bankers at Port Townsend, Wash., failed for \$120,000.

MORE troops were ordered to the mines near Charleston, W. Va. The miners threatened to burn the coal company property and martial law had been declared.

THE World's W. C. T. U. is preparing a temperance petition to be presented to all the rulers on earth.

GEORGE HENSLEY and W. R. Shelton, Jr., while in a quarrel at a dance in Madison county, N. C., shot each other fatally.

REV. MR. ROBERTS, Methodist, of Richmond, quit his pulpit for other fields because of the hard times.

KANSAS farmers secured \$47,000 damages at Emporia against Hezier Brothers for bringing Texas fever among their cattle.

THE State bank at Brookville, Kan., closed its doors with liabilities of \$50,000.

THEODORE F. BAKER, former paying teller of the Consolidation national bank in Philadelphia, who stole \$47,000 of the bank's money, was sentenced to seven years and six months in the penitentiary.

GRAPE growers of Ohio have formed a "combine," alleging as the business is now conducted there is no profit.

ORDERS were issued by the Erie Railway company to hold common freight trains at terminals over Sunday. About 8,000 men will thus be given a day of rest.

DURING a quarrel near Eugene, Ore., Albert Moss fatally shot David Cole and his two daughters and then blew out his own brains.

LOX TRY, a Harlan county (Ky.) negro, was reported to have been skinned alive by a mob and then roasted for kidnapping a white girl.

DAVE JOHNSON and Mansfield Washington (colored) were hanged at Baton Rouge, La., for murdering Prof. Emile Van Hofe and Michael Kane.

GEN. MILES said at Boston that there was not a harbor in this country in proper condition to resist a hostile modern fleet.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

CARL JONAS, lieutenant governor of Wisconsin, was appointed consul general at St. Petersburg by the president.

REV. DR. R. W. PATTERSON, a Presbyterian minister, well known throughout the northwest, died at his home in Evanston, Ill., aged 80 years.

JACOB C. HORN, who was present at the Fort Dearborn massacre, and in the Black Hawk, Mexican and civil wars, died at Winnecanne, Wis.

EX-JUDGE J. W. McDILL, of the interstate commerce commission, died at his home in Creston, Ia., of typhoid fever, aged 40 years.

MRS. SARAH GALLOWAY (colored) died near Alton, Ill., aged 110 years.

JOHN C. DOWNEY, ex-governor of California, died at Los Angeles of pneumonia after an illness of only three days. He was 67 years old.

GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY died at Lynchburg, Va., the result of a fall. He was born in Virginia November 13, 1816.

THE Colorado legislature adjourned sine die.

### FOREIGN.

BELLAMY & Co.'s granaries in London were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$300,000.

MOTHER MANDELBAUM, of New York, notorious the country over as a shop-lifter, died at Hamilton, Ont., of a complication of diseases.

A THOUSAND unemployed men sang revolutionary songs in Vienna. The police charged and dispersed the mob.

MRS. ALLEN FRANCIS, formerly of Illinois, died at Victoria, B. C. She introduced Abraham Lincoln to the girl he married.

RUSSIANS and Germans were reported to have fought a battle on the frontier in which several were killed.

RUMORS of the retirement of Mr. Gladstone from office were being renewed and were agitating the English.

MME. JANET MONACH PATEY, a distinguished contralto singer, died at Sheffield, England, at the close of a song.

In a fight between a band of brigands and the police of the town of Iztapalapa, Mexico, eight of the former and two of the latter were killed.

THE Brazilian elections resulted in the choice of Senor Prudente de Moraes as President Peixoto's successor.

IN an engagement between the government troops and insurgents near Sarandá, Brazil, the rebels were defeated with a loss of 400 men.

SENOR ELLAURI was elected president of the republic of Uruguay.

AT Victoria, B. C. Green Worlock's bank closed with liabilities of \$400,000.

TWO MEMBERS of an American hunting party were killed by wild beasts in the Sierra Madre mountains in Mexico.

### LATER.

THE United States senate was not in session on the 3d. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the pension bill, and a bill was passed granting an increase of pension to Andrew Franklin, aged 101 years, who resides in Kansas and is a veteran of the war of 1812 and of the war of the rebellion.

THE Jackson Brewing company at Cincinnati failed for \$150,000.

ADVICES from Rio de Janeiro say that the rebel transport Venus was wrecked during a bombardment and the three officers and twenty-nine men on board were drowned.

DANIEL MCCORMACK and Mrs. Annie Kelly were suffocated by gas in a hotel at South Framingham, Mass.

CINCINNATI has annexed the adjacent villages of Westwood, Clifton, Avondale, Linwood and Riverside, thus adding 15,000 to the population of the city.

THE resignation of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage as pastor of the Brooklyn tabernacle has been withdrawn.

ED WILLIAMS, of Chicago, one of the most popular of ball players in his time, died at Mountain Valley Springs, Ark.

THUS far in 1894 eighty lives and eighteen vessels have been lost from the fishing fleet of Gloucester, Mass.

MR. GLADSTONE's resignation was accepted by Queen Victoria and Lord Rosebery was offered and accepted the vacant premiership.

GOULD A. STILL, a night operator, was assassinated while at work at his key at Hay Springs, Neb.

AT Kosciusko, Miss., Rev. W. P. Ratliff killed S. A. Jackson and fatally wounded two bystanders. A political feud was the cause.

JAMES MONTGOMERY BAILEY, the "Danbury News man," died at his home in Danbury, Conn., aged 55 years.

TWO BABIES, a boy and a girl, twins 2½ months old, were smothered to death in bed in Chicago at the home of the parents, a family named Jaquer.

FOR accepting a bribe J. T. Bannier was expelled from Louisville's city council. Four other aldermen are to be tried.

A TABLET was placed in Providence, R. I., to commemorate the burning of British taxed tea in 1773.

THE business portion of Morgantown, Ind., was destroyed by fire.

THE Lehigh Coal & Iron company, which went into a receiver's hands in April, 1893, with liabilities of \$1,250,000, has been declared restored to solvency by Judge Jenkins, of Milwaukee.



Mr. C. E. Harris  
Barre, Vt.

## All Broken Up

Former Vigor and Strength Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.  
"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass."

"Dear Sirs: About two years ago I was suddenly taken with heart trouble. This followed me up to last spring, when I was unable to work."

I was completely broken up and used different medicines, but without avail. I suffered at times severely, being unable to sleep comfortably. Up to the time when I was first taken I had always been a healthy man. Yes! tougher than a bear. I was sad, for it

## Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

seemed as if I had apparently come to the end of my usefulness. My trade was that of a board sawyer, always earning good wages. A short time ago a friend advised me to use Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I did. After using one bottle my

Heart Trouble Was Overcome so that I am able to work every day. The change I attribute to Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHAUNCEY E. HARRIS, Barre, Vermont.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

## "Almost as Palatable as Milk"

This is a fact with regard to Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. The difference between the oil, in its plain state, is very apparent. In

## Scott's Emulsion

you detect no fish-oil taste. As it is a help to digestion there is no after effect except good effect. Keep in mind that Scott's Emulsion is the best promoter of flesh and strength known to science.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

See that hump!

Trade-Mark Reg., April 19, 92.

the De Long  
Hook & Eye.  
Richardson &  
DeLong Bros.  
Philadelphia.

## ELY'S CATARRH

CREAM BALM  
Cleanses the  
Nasal Passages,  
Alleviates Pain and  
Inflammation,  
Heals the Sores.

Restores the  
Senses of Taste  
and Smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists, or by mail, ELY BROTHERS, 53 Warren St., New York.

## Spare Pearline

Spoil the Wash



"My wife, after using 'MOTHER'S FRIEND,' passed through the ordeal with little pain, was stronger in one hour than in a week after the birth of her former child."

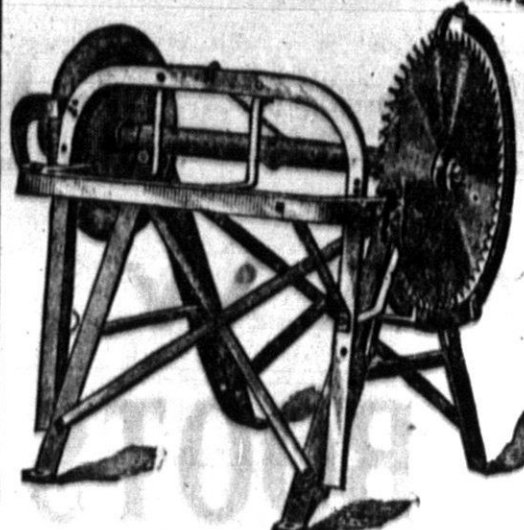
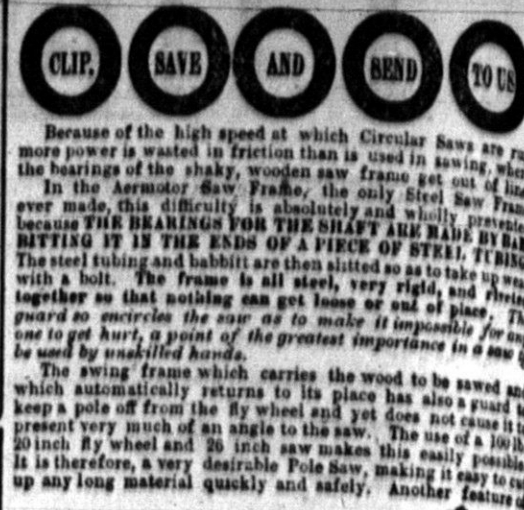
-J. J. MCGOLDRICK, Bean Station, Tenn.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw. -Mrs. L. M. AHERN, Cochran, Ga.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

Sold by All Druggists.

BRADFORD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.



Because of the high speed at which Circular Saws are run more power is wasted in friction than is used in sawing. In the bearings of the shaft, wooden saw frame get out of line, ever made, this difficulty is absolutely and wholly overcome. IT IS THE ENDS OF A PIECE OF STEEL, FINISH, with a bolt. The frame is all steel, very rigid, and riveted together so that nothing can get loose or out of place. The guard so encloses the saw as to make it impossible for any one to be hurt, a point of the greatest importance in a saw. The swing frame which carries the wood to be sawed and which automatically returns to its place has also a guard to prevent very much of an angle to the saw. The use of a 10 in. 20 inch fly wheel and 20 inch saw makes this easily handled. It is therefore, a very desirable Pole Saw, making it easy to cut up any long material quickly and safely. Another feature is

Since we offer this very superior saw frame with a 20 inch superior saw at a much less price than any cheap inferior wooden frame can be bought, for we are sure that the friends of the Armature will appreciate this fact and we again

being doing the public a great service and have distinguished ourselves in redesigning an old article and putting it into an infinitely improved shape.

For a saw of similar size and quality, and ordinary wooden frame, you would be charged \$60. We make this altered frame and this superior one for \$40. AND GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO GET IT AT \$15, for the benefit of our shared Armature.

We have sold an enormous number of Power Armatures, cutters with which saws are used, and a poor saw that runs hard detracts from their usefulness and their reputation. If we furnish a very superior saw at a very low price, many great cuts will be brought to drive them. Wherever one learned Armature goes, others are sure to follow.

When we take a well known article, redesign it, and put it in a shape very superior to anything that has appeared before, it widens and enlarges our reputation for doing well everything to which we put our hands, and this is the thing that has in the past brought so much business to our factory, and which in the future, we have no doubt, will bring, practically, all the business in our line. It is this reputation that we are daily working for.

We believe that this Armature Steel Saw Frame and Saw will confer and enhance the fame which we have gained in the manufacture of Steel Wire and Steel Drills, hence, for the purpose of scattering them so that everyone may know that a good thing can be done for a small price, WE OFFER THIS STEEL SAW AND FRAME FOR \$15. AND GIVE FIVE COPIES OF ADVERTISEMENT No. 2 of this series as per conditions stated in No. 2. In our next advertisement, No. 4, we shall talk of another saw, and make an offer that will be of universal interest. This is also, No. 4. ADDRESS: CHAS. H. HALL, 140 W. 29th St., New York.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

## HALM'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC AND ANTI-CATARRHAL CHEWING GUM

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Cures the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10 or 50 cent packages. Be convinced. Street, Stamps or Postal Note.

GEO. R. HALM, 140 W. 29th St., New York.

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## KISSING TIME.

"Tis when the lark goes soaring  
And the bee is at the bud,  
When lightly dancing zephyrs  
Sing over field and flood;  
When all sweet things in Nature  
Seem joyfully achime—  
'Tis then I wake my darling,  
For it is kissing time!

Go, pretty lark, a-soaring,  
And suck your sweets, O bee,  
Sing, O ye winds of summer,  
Your songs to mine and me!  
For with your song and rapture  
Cometh the moment when  
It is half-past kissing time  
And time to kiss again!

So—so the days go fleeting  
Like golden fancies free,  
And every day that cometh  
Is full of sweets for me;  
And sweetest are those moments  
My darling comes to climb  
Into my lap to mind me  
That it is kissing time.

Sometimes, maybe, he wanders  
A heedless, aimless way—  
Sometimes, maybe, he loiters  
In pretty, prattling play;  
But presently he thinks him  
And hastens to me then,  
For it's half-past kissing time  
And time to kiss again!  
—Eugene Field, in Chicago Record.

## THAT FATAL WEEK.

## How Mr. Copeland Removed the Barrier to Amy's Happiness.

"No, William, I'm not mistaken, and there's the pity of it," said Mrs. Copeland, with sad decision, as her husband turned out the gas. "The Bible record alone would uphold me, if I did not have any memory to depend upon, but the fact remains—Amy was born on September 7, and Roland on the 14th of the same month and year, which gives Amy a week's advantage in point of age."

"I should call it a decided advantage, my dear, if it stands in the way of the poor child's happiness," observed Mr. Copeland.

"No happiness could come of it, believe me. The advantage should always be on the husband's side, since women grow old more rapidly than men. It is not fair to Amy, and I could never consent to such a thing."

"But, my dear Harriet," urged Mr. Copeland, "what possible difference could it make—this paltry week? Had it been seven years, now, instead of seven days, I might understand. As it is, no one would believe it. I don't myself. I really think there must be some mistake."

"Mistake!" she echoed; "oh! no, my dear—I remember."

"I remember"—that was the key note of the family life. When Mrs. Copeland remembered the others meekly bowed in submission. From long experience they had learned to rely upon her memory as implicitly as upon the steady old clock at the foot of the stairs.

There the matter might have rested, for the night, at least, and poor Amy's hopes might have hung by the slenderest of threads had it not been for a temptation which often assails and conquers the best of women—a desire for the last word.

"Yes," said Mrs. Copeland, yielding to this weakness, "there is certainly a week's difference. I will show you the record of Amy's birth to-morrow, in your writing, in the Bible."

"I don't dispute it," repeated Mr. Copeland, in drowsy tones; but as the final word fell from Mrs. Copeland's lips evil entered his heart, and he lay awake anxiously thinking and planning, until his wife's regular breathing assured him that she was sound asleep.

Then, in the midst of a brooding silence which seemed to cast a spell upon the household, he arose cautiously, softly groped about for his dressing gown and slippers, and dropped a box of matches into one of his capacious pockets.

His destination was the library, where, upon the top shelf of a bookcase, reposed the family Bible. It was the work of a moment to light the gas, bring the volume down and spread it open upon the table, after which Mr. Copeland stood lost in treacherous meditation.

Down the long column of defunct ancestors traveled his fat forefinger, until, reaching his own branch of the family, his search became more earnest, and bringing his wandering digit to a sudden halt he gave vent to a smothered exclamation of chagrin.

"Confound it! She is right again!" There, in his handwriting, was the following entry:

"Amy, eldest daughter of William G. and Harriet Copeland, born September 7, 1870."

He gazed for a time at this proof of his wife's accurate memory, agitated by a variety of emotions, though his purpose never flagged. He had resolved in that short casual colloquy to tamper with the dates; but just now, on the eve of executing his design, he was sensible of many qualms.

He opened his desk and took from one of the shelves a small vial, a bit of blotting paper and a fountain pen. The first contained some chemical preparation, and, carefully drawing the stopper, he let fall a single drop of the liquid upon the date.

Like magic it disappeared, and drying the cleared place with the blotting paper Mr. Copeland viewed this part of his undertaking with great satisfaction. All inconvenient consciousness pangs were now obliterated, and he was only intent on perfecting his task. This brought the fountain pen into active service. A light stroke, and the deed was done.

The anxious lines disappeared from his genial face, a smile played round the corners of his mouth and twinkled in his eyes as he replaced the Bible, concealed the weapons of his enterprise and tiptoed upstairs. But at the first landing a shock awaited him, for there stood his daughter Amy, also enveloped in a wrapper, her little bare feet thrust into slippers, her pretty hair falling about her face as she leaned over the banisters and peered anxiously into the dimly lighted hall.

"Father," she exclaimed in a surprised whisper, "what are you doing at this time of night?"

Mr. Copeland started guiltily like a schoolboy caught in mischief.

"I might ask that question of you, my dear," he returned, parrying her attack. "I was hunting for a book."

"And I for robbers. I am sure some one turned the handle of my door awhile ago. I was frightened."

"Silly child," said Mr. Copeland, "no one was stirring but myself. Now go to bed and preserve your roses, else your mother will wake up and scold us both."

The girl cut his sentence short by tucking his arm within hers and leading him downstairs again, like a lamb to the sacrifice.

"There, strike a light," she commanded.

Mr. Copeland obeyed.

"Now, sir," said Amy, fixing her laughing eyes upon him, "what mischief have you been brewing?"

"None, my dear, upon my honor," cried Mr. Copeland, turning a shade or two redder, if possible.

She shook her head dubiously.

"But, seriously," said Amy, "I wanted to ask your advice. What am I to do? I can never marry Roland against mother's wishes, that is clear enough, but how to overcome the obstacle I am at a loss to conjecture. At the same time I owe a certain duty to Roland, who loves me."

"To be sure, to be sure," assented Mr. Copeland, studying the tips of his slippers in seeming abstraction. "Roland is a fine fellow, my dear, if it were not for the disparity in age."

"Ah! that ugly, provoking, obstinate week!" flung out each adjective with a gesture of despair, "and Roland would take it from me gladly if he could. Do I look so very ancient, so very much his senior? Is age so plainly written on my face?"

"No, I cannot say that it is," replied Mr. Copeland, with a critical glance. "You are a wee thing, after all. Roland looks years older, and, do you know," sinking his voice confidentially, "I have come to the conclusion that your mother must be mistaken."

Amy started back horrified. "Never, never! you forget mother's memory. That is unimpeachable."

It was now Mr. Copeland's turn to shake his head.

"Nevertheless, I hold to the opinion that there is an error in this case. With so many things jostling one another in her mind, would there be any wonder if she had confused the date?"

"You dear old father, you mean well; but you can't, so Roland and I will have to wait until—"

"Well!"

"Until mother, in the kindness of her heart, consents to forget the difference of a week."

"Forget!" echoed Mr. Copeland, incredulously.

"At least, to overlook it."

"That may be; but the fact would still remain a haunting memory. It must be obliterated," said her father with stern decision.

"What must be obliterated?"

"The date—ahem—I should say the fact," returned Mr. Copeland, in some confusion. "There, never mind, my dear. Don't be worried. Things will come all right in the end. What an untimely hour for discussion! One o'clock—just fancy if your mother should wake up and miss me! Come, you must not lose your beauty sleep."

## II.

Mrs. Copeland's memory, as before stated, was a family institution. It was a perfect encyclopedia of dates and events, a most useful and valuable companion to a very charming woman, and especially useful to Mr. Copeland, whose absent-mindedness was an incessant drawback.

But regarding Amy's little romance, Mrs. Copeland's memory bade fair to prove a serious bar. From childhood these two lovers had seemed destined for each other, from the days when they shared all their possessions, and the generous Roland yielded the better half to his little sweetheart—through the various stages, through the transitions of boyhood and girlhood, when the timid heart begins to know itself.

Out of this they emerged hand in hand, to the general satisfaction, for Roland Deane was a sterling fellow, and both Mr. and Mrs. Copeland heartily agreed when they declared their approval of Amy's choice.

For awhile all went well, and many delightful plans had been made for the future, until Mrs. Copeland began a course of reminiscences relative to this source of reminiscences relative to this important change in her darling's life, and then she came upon the awful dis-

covery that in point of age Amy outstripped Roland by a week.

Mrs. Copeland passed a most miserable day. To such marriages she had a rooted antipathy, that no amount of argument could dispel.

So it is no wonder that in contemplating the deed just so successfully accomplished, Mr. Copeland had fairly trembled at his temerity.

Had his bold scheme involved any other book he would not have hesitated; but he venerated the sacred volume and felt, in what he had determined to do, a certain awe and dread, as if he meditated nothing short of altering the ten commandments.

He was decidedly nervous the next morning and evaded the important subject by every artifice in his power. He had no wish to taste of victory so early in the day; so when Mrs. Copeland, pursuing at the breakfast table the thread of their late discourse offered to produce testimony on the spot, Mr. Copeland rose with all appearance of haste and glanced at his watch.

"Nine o'clock, my dear Harriet. I'm late as it is. I can't wait; some other time will do. This evening, perhaps. Good-by," with which he hurried off.

It was part of his plan to encounter Roland in the course of the day, and it was his good fortune to meet him that evening walking in the direction of their house.

"See here, Roland," he began, "I want to speak to you about Amy. Have you noticed the dear child has not been quite herself for the past day or so?"

"I have, Mr. Copeland. Amy is needlessly worried over such a trifling matter; it is not worthy of consideration."

"Ah, my young friend," answered Mr. Copeland, with a disapproving shake of his head, "you make a mistake. If a man had a toothache, for instance, it does him no good to tell him it is a mere trifle. To tell Amy it doesn't matter is so much breath wasted. It does matter, for it is there, and clearly what must be done is to remove the cause of distemper."

"I understand your words, Mr. Copeland," said Roland, "but I must confess I fail to grasp your meaning wholly. It is beyond our power to annihilate facts, else, believe me, I would gladly shoulder a burden of fifty years to restore Amy's happiness or do away with Mrs. Copeland's prejudice."

"Not prejudice," objected Mr. Copeland, "that is not the word. Mrs. Copeland is suffering from the effects of an acute attack of memory. If you knew my wife as I do—this is a case of too much of a good thing and I am going to administer an antidote."

Roland was silent in amazement. He had been sufficiently intimate with the family to appreciate the stupendous import of this declaration. He trembled at the thought of such boldness.

"I don't think you have fairly considered the difficulty of your scheme, Mr. Copeland," he said at last.

"Why difficult?" queried that gentleman. "Are not the best of us liable to err sometimes? My wife during all these years has been particularly exempt from the common lot of mortals, but her time may come, Roland—her time may come!"

## III.

That evening a peculiar influence pervaded the atmosphere of the Copeland family, charging it like electricity, and, strange to say, it could be traced to Mr. Copeland.

Usually kind-hearted and cheerful, these traits became marked by an intensity that was almost painful. His good humor amounted to such hilarity that the house seemed too small to contain it.

They were enjoying a pleasant half hour after dinner in the library, quite unconscious that Roland and Amy in the room beyond were determining the best way to bring affairs to an issue, for which purpose, accordingly, they invaded the sanctuary together.

One look at their faces caused Mr. Copeland to retire behind his newspaper—a man's surest safeguard when family disturbance is brewing.

Mrs. Copeland raised her eyes from her knitting as they came in, but she, too, detected something, and silence held them all for a moment.

"Mother," began Amy, in a trembling voice, "Roland and I have come to-night to ask—to beg, indeed—that you will renew your consent to our engagement which you gave so long ago."

"Indeed, Mrs. Copeland," added Roland, in clear, firm tones, "Amy and I have tried and proved our affection. Do not make us waste our youth in waiting. There is nothing to hinder our marriage save this shadow which you have raised between us. Let it fade—for the happiness of all."

Mrs. Copeland, at this appeal, laid down her knitting, and Mr. Copeland's newspaper rattled sympathetically.

"My dear children," said Mrs. Copeland, much distressed, "I wish I could make you see this matter as I do. It is the principle of the thing. My objection is not a shadow, Roland, but tangible, as you know, and not easily overcome. Perhaps you think me over-sensitive on this one subject."

"My dear," interrupted Mr. Copeland, in a serious tone, "I don't pretend to take sides in this important question—I am too interested in all parties. Your objection, Harriet, as you stated it, is well grounded—I don't deny that yet these children are no less reasonable in their demands. What amazes me is that you should not reflect that you might be mistaken in this

matter. Memory is capricious and it may have served you a false turn."

"Not my memory," said Mrs. Copeland, with an air of pride, as if in defending it she upheld the family es- tutehon.

"Well," said Mr. Copeland, shrugging his shoulders as his eyes returned to the paper, "I have but expressed my opinion."

"I cannot believe it possible, William"—Mrs. Copeland's voice assumed a reproachful tenderness—"that after all these years you should doubt me."

"Not you, Harriet," replied her husband, "only your memory."

Mr. Copeland was growing philosophical in anticipation of his approaching triumph.

"After all these years' was the term you used; don't you realize that time weakens rather than strengthens that faculty of yours? People at our period of life may wear well—you do, my love—but we must not expect too much. It is perfectly natural that after a ceaseless labor the springs of your memory should be impaired. It is only what we must all look forward to; and, surely, you do not mind going down the hill with me, Harriet?"

Tears came into Mrs. Copeland's eyes, but she did not speak, and Mr. Copeland continued:

"Does not the new happiness, ready to flower at your bidding, compensate you for this trifling lapse? Could you be content, dear, to gain a point and lose the solemn joy that uniting these two lives might grant to you and me? I don't plead for them; neither do I ask you to deviate from a principle; only consult your clear judgment and do what it dictates."

Without a word Mrs. Copeland rose and with an air of rigid calmness laid aside her knitting.

With a firm step she walked to the bookcase and taking from it the family Bible she cleared a place upon the table and placed it before her husband.

"You remember," she asked, slowly, "recording the date?"

"Indeed I do," assented Mr. Copeland, heartily.

"And I remember," she said, "seeing you set down the day and year, September 7, 1870. I tell you this before consulting the register, for I honestly desire to be fair to Amy and myself."

Mr. Copeland actually trembled in an agony of conscience, and almost stopped breathing while Mrs. Copeland turned the leaves.

He controlled himself with a great effort as she reached the fatal page. He watched her forefinger travel down the column, as his had done; he saw her stop suddenly, and he felt that the moment of victory had come.

She did not speak at first, but stood staring at the date as if her eyes had deceived her.

"Amy, Roland, come here," were her first words, and as they obeyed her summons she pointed to the accusing number.

"I was mistaken," she said, simply, but so pathetic was this bit of renunciation that Mr. Copeland felt tempted to step forth and declare his duplicity, when his eyes fell upon the transfigured faces of the lovers.

No, that would never do; he must be firm and stand to his false colors for the good of all.

Mrs. Copeland gradually regained her composure, her momentary chagrin was counterbalanced by her true maternal feeling, and as for Mr. Copeland, his satisfaction knew no bounds.

When the young people left them a reflection of their joy lingered behind, glorifying Mr. and Mrs. Copeland as they sat together on the sofa, hand in hand.

"William," said Mrs. Copeland, breaking a pause, "I shall never remember again."

"Oh, my dear!" exclaimed Mr. Copeland, in alarm.

"Never positively, I mean. I suppose I shall always have a tendency to recall facts, but always conditionally."

And so it proved. From that day she lost the air of assurance that had made her an oracle. Her active mind still performed its customary duties, but without ostentation.

It was never "I remember," but "If I remember correctly," "If I am not mistaken," uttered with such humility and doubt as to render the expression painful to Mr. Copeland's ear.

But he never recanted, and Amy's fair beauty and unclouded happiness in some measure overbalanced that one false stroke on the record page of the family Bible.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

## A Steak.

The guest at the hotel was persevering and patient, but that didn't make the steak any tenderer, and do what he could he could not dissect it.

"Waiter," he said at last, "will you be kind enough to inform me what this is?"

"It's a steak, of course," responded the waiter with a John Sullivan poke of his chin at the guest.

"Thanks, I am sure. Will you please carry it out to the back yard and drive it in the ground to hitch the horses to?"—Detroit Free Press.

All affection proceeds from the supposition of possessing something better than the rest of the world possesses. Nobody is vain of possessing two legs and two arms, because that is the precise quantity of either sort of limb which everybody possesses.—Sydney Smith.

—When I do not see clearly I am silent.—Old Dial.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

## "Jag Cure Law" Dead.

The supreme court has knocked out what is known as Michigan's "jag cure law" of 1893. The law authorized justices, in their discretion, to sentence disorderlies to take the cure for the liquor habit. The court says the law in effect permits unofficial persons to prescribe rules acquitting persons charged with crime and they may be variable as corporations are numerous, and it is not in the province of legislation to delegate to private corporations power to make laws for the discharge of offenders.

## Leaped from a Train.

Sheriff Kuhlman, of Presque Isle county, started for the state house of correction with a convict named Fred Richardson in his custody. Fred asked to go to the closet, and took advantage of the opportunity to jump from the train. He landed in a snowbank all right, but the sheriff, who followed immediately, brought up against a barbed wire fence and hung there. Richardson walked to Fostoria, stopped at a hotel, stole \$25 during the night, but was run down and arrested. There Kuhlman found him the next day.

## Merriman's Will Sustained.

One of the most important will contests ever tried in Michigan came to an end in the circuit court at Jackson when the jury returned a verdict sustaining the will. Howard L. Merriman died a year ago, bequeathing property estimated at \$30,000, with a prospect of a future addition on the death of his grandmother of something like \$200,000, to friends outside of his family. His father, Dwight Merriman, contested the will on the ground of undue influence and mental incompetency.

## Health in Michigan.

During the week ended February 24 reports sent in by fifty-two observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that scarlet fever increased and pneumonia, neuralgia and consumption decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at seventeen places, diphtheria at twenty-six, measles at seventeen, scarlet fever at fifty-six and smallpox at Crystal Falls, Menominee and Otsego township.

## Sentenced for Life.

Alexander Enos, of Ewen, Ontonagon county, has been sentenced to the state prison at Marquette for life. He was the proprietor of a saloon and den, and Deputy Sheriff Davidson went there about two months ago to arrest the inmates, when as he entered the place Enos shot him dead. The murderer had a narrow escape from being strung up by a mob at that time.

## Gave Them Silver Dollars.

About twenty Polish and Italian women recently paraded the streets of Ironwood and demanded free drinks at a large number of saloons. They were loud in their complaints against Poor Commissioner Haggerson, claiming that he should be more liberal in his donations. In one saloon the proprietor was obliged to give each a silver dollar in order to get rid of them.

## A Favorable Report.

In accordance with a recommendation of the commissioner of the general land office a favorable report has been ordered to congress on the proposition to set apart for a public cemetery certain land in the Marquette district in Michigan. This land is located at Inwood, and the township board of that place asked that this selection be ratified.

## Short But Newsworthy Items.

Thomas Scott and Charles Lemond were lodged in jail at Muskegon charged with robbing Robert Smith of \$175.

Supervisor Reed, of Lake township, who was in jail at Baldwin charged with criminal assault upon Jennie Vargeson, a girl under the age of 14 years, was acquitted.

A Vicksburg man has a 144-year-old Bible, published in 1750 in Boston. It is well preserved.

It is said that it will be at least three weeks before Michigan has any new state officers and it will have none then unless the supreme court upholds the governor's action in removing the members of the board of canvassers.

A fire at East Tawas caused a loss of \$14,000 to Richards Bros. and other firms.

The Calumet & Hecla has begun the construction of a carpenter shop at the Hecla mine, at Calumet, to replace the one destroyed by fire a short time ago.

Sixty-four persons who were converted at revival services in Water-villet have united with the M. E. church at that place.

The Lambton house at Sarnia was damaged by fire, the rear portion of the building being burned to the ground. Loss, \$3,000.

Over 200 people have been converted at Manistique as a result of the recent revival services at that place.

Several hundred acres of swamp land will be reclaimed at Decatur this season and devoted to the culture of poppermint.

Over 1,200 delegates attended the convention of the International Student Volunteer Movement for foreign field held in Detroit.

William H. E. Lee, of Escanaba, has brought suit against the Chicago & Northwestern railroad for \$35,000 damages for injuries received.



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Electric Kerosine Oil 7 cents per gallon.  
Choice Canned Corn 7 cents per can.  
Choice Canned Pumpkin 6 cents per can.  
Three packages Mince Meat for 20 cents.  
Three packages Best Currants for 25 cents.  
Large size Florida Oranges 20 cents per dozen.  
Fancy Lemons 15 cents per dozen.  
Good Seedless Raisins 3 cents per pound.  
Four pounds extra Choice California Prunes for 25 cents.  
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All 50 cent Medicines 45 cents.  
All 25 cent Medicines regular price.

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Charter election next Monday.  
The annual supply of mud is here.  
Easter two weeks from next Sunday.  
A. W. Wilkinson is in Detroit this week.  
Truman Fenn spent Sunday with friends in Ann Arbor.  
Miss Lillian Foster was in Detroit a few days of this week.  
Mrs. J. Staffan is spending a few days in Detroit this week.  
H. I. Davis, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents, of East street.  
Joseph Eisele has had a new barn erected in the rear of his dwelling house.  
H. S. Holmes was in Jackson last Monday and Tuesday on business.  
Jas Runciman is seriously ill and little hope is entertained of his recovery.  
Miss Jessie Merrill was the guest of her parents in Ann Arbor last Sunday.  
Mrs. John Cole, of Orchard street, is the guest of her sister at Eaton Rapids.  
Miss Blanche Cushman, of Dexter, spent Sunday with her many Chelsea friends.  
Mrs. John Gregg, of Detroit, is the guest of her parents, Mr and Mrs. J. Shaver.  
Frank Brodrick, of Jackson, called on relatives here last Saturday and Sunday.  
Geo. Greening of Alpena, was the guest of his mother a few days the past week.  
Miss Anna Schumacher, of Ann Arbor, is being entertained by Chelsea friends this week.  
John Baumgardner, marble dealer, of Ann Arbor, was in town Monday on business.  
Remember that the Village Board of Registration meets at the Town Hall Saturday.  
The C. L. S. C. will meet with Mrs. M. Boyd Monday evening, March 12th at 7 o'clock.  
Frank McNamara, of Jackson, called on relatives and friends here last Friday and Saturday.  
Messrs Geo. Crowell, Geo. Turnbull and D. B. Taylor were Ann Arbor visitors last Monday.  
Mrs J. B. Beissel and Mrs. F. Staffan visited with Grass Lake friends a few days of last week.  
The roads are fast nearing that state where a horse feels in vain with his feet for a solid foot-hold.  
Miss Ella Winters returned to Grand Rapids Monday after a visit with her parents at this place.  
Mrs H. Pellet, of Jackson, spent a few days the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Runciman.  
Miss Carrie C. Freer, of Railroad street, is visiting with her brother, G. A. Freer, at Jackson, this week.  
These fine days the honey bee whose diligence we read of and other bees including political, begin to buzz.  
Mrs. H. S. Holmes and Mrs. D. H. Wurster spent a few days of last week visiting relatives at Dexter.  
Mrs. Barrus has traded her house and lot on North Main street for the old hotel property on Jackson street.  
Miss Cora Wurster, of Webster, has been spending a few days the past week with her brother, D. H. Wurster.  
J. P. Foster and Wm Kelly caught the finest string of fish last Thursday that has been brought to town this winter.  
Mrs. Arnold Prudden and daughter, Ada, left last Friday night for California where they will remain several weeks.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kitchen, of Brantford, Ont., are visiting with Mr. Kitchen's sister, Mrs. R. H. Alexander, of South street.  
The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting at the home of Mrs. H. S. Winans this week Friday, March 9, 1894, at two o'clock.  
W. D. Runciman and wife, of Williamston, were in this vicinity last week, being called here by the illness of Mr. Runciman's brother James.  
Mrs. W. H. Whitlark, of Ann Arbor, and Edward Luellan, of Galesburg, spent a few days of last week with Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sumner.  
Mr. W. J. Knapp and Mrs. E. E. Shaver were elected by the Chelsea C. E. Society as delegates to the C. E. Convention at Detroit, March 22-23.  
Mr. Richard Hall and family, who have been visiting for some time with friends at Dundee and Vermontville, have returned to their home on Harrison street.  
Mr. Geo. Webster and Mrs. Wm. Judson will attend the Sunday School convention at Ypsilanti, March 13-14, as delegates from the Congregational Sunday School.  
Word was received here Tuesday that Timothy Wallace, formerly of Chelsea, but late of Lodi, died this morning of Bright's disease. The funeral will take place Friday.

### Dexter Savings Bank Robbed of \$3,200.

At 7:30 o'clock last Thursday morning the Dexter Savings Bank, which is situated in the most public spot in Dexter, was robbed of \$3,200, the assistant cashier being forced at the point of revolvers to open the vault and safe, and allow the robbers to help themselves. Such was the report. But the robbery has been solved. Orla C. Gregory, the assistant cashier, confessed Tuesday that the story of the two masked men having surprised him while he was alone in the bank last Thursday morning and of their having, at the point of two revolvers, compelled him to give up the money was false. He admits that he committed the robbery himself. All of the money has been recovered.  
Detective Baker, of Detroit, who was hired by the bank directors to work on the case, brought about Gregory's confession.

### North Lake Broodens.

Quite a number are waiting better roads to move to new homes.

P. W. Watts caught a fine lot of perch from South Lake last week.

John McConnel is yet quite sick and with little hope of full recovery.

It is hard to get news where nothing ever happens out of the ordinary.

The roads are bad and in all probability this may not reach you in time. Little loss.

Jas. Cook fished Monday on Mud Lake without so much as a bite, except from a well filled lunch basket.

Quite a number of the farmers about here have hired their men for summer at a discount on last years wages in most cases.

U. W. Watts is hastening to his new home where he has a fine sugar orchard awaiting him which will be put on tap soon after his arrival.

Miss Blanch M. Glenn while visiting her grandmother last week pieced and set together nine block for a cradle quilt. She is a little less than 7 years old.

Messrs. J. A. Palmer, R. S. Armstrong, Sam and Arl Guerin took out the largest mess of fish from the lake here last Thursday that have been taken in a long time.

Never in the history of this country has there been so many removals as will take place in the next two weeks. Everybody seems to want a change in some way, if it is jumping out of the frying pan into the fire.

Tuesday, a nice warm spring rain is falling and the grass is beginning to look fresh and green. Wild geese and robins are seen in flocks, frogs are heard to peep in the marshes, while the docile, dormant woodchuck has been out for a walk, one having been caught here. The chipmunk and the snake are yet to be heard from to make out that spring has come once more.

### Lima Beans.

Simon Winslow is quite sick, N. E. Freer was in Ann Arbor Monday on business.

There will be a card party at Thos. Fletcher's Friday evening.

It is rumored that there will be a dance at the town hall Friday night.

### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration for the Village of Chelsea will meet in council room in said village on Saturday March 10, 1894, at 8 o'clock a. m. and close at 8 o'clock p. m., standard time, for the purpose of correcting the registration list, and also to register the names of all persons as shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors of the village who may apply.  
Dated Chelsea, Mich., Feb. 21, 1894.  
A. E. WINANS,  
Village Clerk.

### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the annual charter election of the Village of Chelsea will be held on Monday, March 12th, 1894, for the purpose of electing the following named officers: President, clerk, treasurer, assessor and constable for the term of one year. The place for holding said election will be in the Town Hall in said village. The polls of said election will be opened at 8 o'clock, a. m. and be closed at 5 o'clock, p. m., standard time, as prescribed by the charter.  
Dated Chelsea, Mich., Feb. 21, 1894.  
A. E. WINANS,  
Village Clerk.

### Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the parents of the scholars that were sent home from school who are afflicted with whooping cough, that they will keep them home and not let them be about the streets. By order of the Board of Health.  
FRED W. ROEDER, Clerk.

## ECONOMIC

## POINTERS.

The best principle of economy that a person can adopt is to keep their eye on our special cuts and take advantage of them. We expect to save everybody money who enters our store and guarantee them goods that are unsurpassed in quality.

Dried Beef 7 cent per pound.  
Choice Figs 8 cents per pound.  
25 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00.  
Choice raisins 3c per pound.  
3 packages cleaned Currants for 25c  
21 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00.  
Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 10c per pound.  
First-class lanterns 29c each.  
4 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.  
2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c.  
Full cream chers 14c per pound.  
Best Alaska Salmon 12 1-2c per can.  
Tea dust 12 1/2c per pound.  
3 Cr Raisins 8c per pound.  
Gloss Starch 6c per pound.  
Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.  
Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c.  
All laundry soaps 6 bars for 25c  
3 packages mince meat for 20 cents  
Best kerosine oil 7c per gallon  
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.  
No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each.  
No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each.  
Best Lantern Globes 5c each  
Choice Coffee 19c per pound.  
Best Pum kin 6c per can  
Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound.  
Fine perfumes 35c per ounce.  
Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c.  
Coffish in bricks 8c per pound.  
Best Baking Powder 20c per pound.  
Choice Rice 5c per pound.  
Fine N O. Molasses for 25c per gal.  
Extra Japan tea 30c per pound.  
9 sticks best chicory for 10c.  
Choice Mustard 15c per jug.  
3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c.  
Fine syrup 25c per gallon  
Axle grease 5c per box  
25 pounds sulphur for \$1.  
Banner smoking tobacco 15c per pound.  
Good fine cut tobacco 25c per pound.  
Good plug tobacco 25c per pound.  
Best Sardines 5c per box.  
Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.  
Good smoking tobacco 18c per lb.  
Purest Spices that can be bought.  
Fine toothpicks 5c per package.  
Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon.

Verily, Merrily, More and More,  
It Pays to Trade at

### GLAZIER'S STORE.

Dr. K. GREINER,  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.  
Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

### PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

### H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

### FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

CITY BARBER SHOP

Kempf Bros. old bank building.  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

### The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

Subscribe for the HERALD, \$1.00.



# IN OUR Clothing Department!

WE OFFER:

- The Best 50 cent Overall.
- The Best \$1.00 Pant.
- The Best 50 cent Cap.
- The Best \$1.00 Hat.
- The Best Line of Children's Suits.
- The Best 50 cent Short Pants (see window display)
- The Best Line of Trunks and Bags.
- The Best Mackintoshes and Heavy Rubber Coats
- The Best Cuffs, Collars, Neckties, Hosiery Gloves, Underwear, white and colored Shirts and Suspenders.
- The Best Spring Overcoats, Suits, etc., that were ever offered in Chelsea.

**H.S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.**

## HORSES AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

I am getting out of the horse business and will sell cheap or exchange for other property, the following horses:

- SYLVAN MAID, standard and registered, 4 years old; sired by Hampton, dam sired by Tremont.
- BELLE HARRISON, 6 years old, sired by George Harrison, he by Louis Napoleon.
- DAVE GRIFFIN, No. 10733, the noted stallion. Also one fine driver 5 years old. All must be sold. Inspection solicited.
- TOMMY McNAMARA, Chelsea.**

## FORCED SALE?

Oh, No!  
But a Genuine Reduction Sale,  
for Cash, during the next  
60 days.

I need money and to obtain it quickly will make it an object to Cash buyers, if you need a Double or Single harness, Blankets, Robes, Storm Covers to protect your horses, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, etc., come and see me. I have also a few more Trunks and suitcases left that will be sold at great bargains.

**SPECIALTIES.**  
I keep a full line of Violins and other small musical goods, also Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings of the best quality. Music books and sheet music of all kinds. Call and see me before ordering elsewhere.

I have received the agency for the celebrated International Stock and Poultry Food, warranted to prevent rot and chicken cholera. Come and see a package, only 25 and 50 cents.

**C. STEINBACH.**



**INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD** has a great reputation for curing and preventing Hog Cholera and other swine diseases. It also insures very rapid growth. Owing to superior medication our 50-cent box contains 20 average feeds for 25 pigs or 6 pigs, or one head of other stock.

**3 FEEDS FOR ONE CENT.**  
Your Money Refunded. In any case of failure when you use "International Stock Food" for Horses, Mules, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Cattle, Calves, Lambs or Pigs. Equally good for all stock, as it purifies the blood, permanently strengthens the entire system, gives perfect digestion thereby giving much more strength and flesh from same amount of grain, and is the greatest known appetizer. Prepared by a practical stockman. Thousands of reliable testimonials—Free. \$1000 guarantee that they are true. Buy the Genuine. Owing to the wonderful sale of "International Stock Food," and the fact that you cannot buy the genuine "International Stock Food" in your town, we will make it very much to your interest to write to us.

**WE OFFER \$100 CASH PREMIUM** to anyone raising the largest hog from an 1892 pig. Free of restrictions as to breed, food or feeding. Not required to use International Stock Food. See our paper for full particulars—Free from our dealers. "International Stock Food," "International Poultry Food" and "Silver Pine Healing Oil" are guaranteed and prepared only by **INTERNATIONAL FOOD CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.**

## SEEDS AT HARD-TIME PRICES.

ONE CENT A PACKAGE and upwards, according to Variety and scarcity. Cheap as Wool, Cotton or Wheat, by ounce or pound. Climate of Michigan is best in the world for growing seeds. Our Farm, Garden and Flower Seeds are all Living, Fresh, Tested, and sure to grow if given a chance. A Package of Seeds given Free with every order. Send us your address by postal card, and we will MAIL YOU FREE our 1894 Illustrated Catalogue. Variety and Prices quoted WILL INTEREST YOU.

**S. M. ISBELL & CO., Jackson, Mich.**  
Alsake Clover Seed, Early Seed Potatoes, 8-Row or Smut-Resistant Corn, Buckwheat, and Marrowfat Beans. S. M. ISBELL & CO., 125, 127 and 129 Pearl Street, Jackson, Mich.

## \$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

Other sex, any age, in any part of the country, for the employment which we furnish. You need not stay away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one who does the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. One who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days of ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

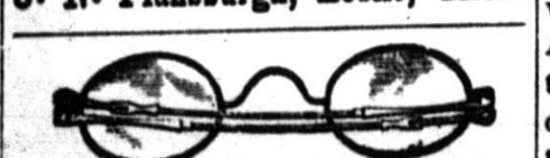
**H. HALLETT & CO.,**  
Box 880,  
PORTLAND, MAINE.

## Strawberry Plants!

Best Varieties!

Descriptive Catalogue and Price List Free.

**C. N. Flansburgh, Leslie, Mich.**



**IF**

Your eyes are strained why give up work when you can obtain a FIRST-CLASS pair of glasses at a Special Discount of 50% and over, viz: Steel Spectacle in bronze, blue or nickel for 65c; Gold \$2.75, etc. Call and get prices.

**DR. SCHMIDT.**

## Additional Local

Chas. Miller was a Detroit visitor last week.

Miss Marion Wellman left for her home in California last Friday.

The Chelsea House has been repaired and is ready for business again.

There are 17 cases of divorce on the list for this term of the Circuit Court.

Fred Freer, of Detroit, spent Sunday here with his grand-father, Mr. Alva Freer.

Herbert Dancer came up from Ann Arbor last Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents.

Newton Gage, of Grand Ledge, has been the guest of his brother, S. L. Gage, of Sylvan, the past week.

Miss Helen McCarter closed a very successful winter term of school in District No. 2, Sylvan, last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lute Ives, of Stockbridge, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Ives, of Jefferson street, last Wednesday.

Either Congressman Gorman or Ex-Congressman Tarsney, or both, are to speak at St. Patrick's celebration in Ypsilanti.

Be sure and attend the Auction at Geo. H. Mitchell's Thursday March 15th. See more extended notice on another page.

Mr. and Mrs. Case, of Grand Rapids, who have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Gage, of Sylvan, and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Perry, of Lima, have returned home.

Master Wirt McLaren, of Lima, held the lucky number that drew the silver water service given away by the Japanese Remedy Company at the Town Hall last Saturday night.

Died, Saturday, March 3, 1894, Miss Cora, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilsey, aged about 11 years. The funeral was held from the house last Tuesday, Rev. W. W. Whitcomb officiating.

Thomas Fleming, of Waterloo, has filed a bill in chancery through his attorney, Charles R. Whitman, asking for an injunction restraining Beeman & Rummel from flooding seventy acres of his land with water.

The Poverty social held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jabez Bacon last Friday night, for the benefit of the Y. P. S. C. E., was a success, both socially and financially. The prizes were awarded to Mrs. E. E. Shaver and Henry Stinson.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S. will be held Wednesday evening March 14 at 7 o'clock. The W. M. desires to meet all the ladies of the Chapter at the Hall, Sat. March 10, at 2.30 p. m. on important business.

Rev. Charles Rielly, D. D. of Adrian, will deliver his celebrated lecture on "The Last Days of the Christ" at the Opera House, Chelsea, on Tuesday evening March 20, 1894. Dr. Rielly's well-known ability and fame as an eloquent speaker will no doubt fill the house. The admission will be 25 cents.

Somebody has said that a free show has better drawing powers than a porous plaster. In evidence of that fact the free entertainments given by Dr. Hal A. Curtis' Company draw such crowds that the Opera House is filled to overflowing every night. The "Kid Show" given by this company last Wednesday evening seemed to please the children, and we might add the grown people also. About one hundred pounds of candy was distributed among the little ones after the entertainment.

At a special meeting of the Town Board last Tuesday, called together for the purpose of considering the report that whooping-cough had broken out in the Chelsea School, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "That the health officer for the Township of Sylvan take all necessary steps to prevent the spreading of the aforesaid disease and if necessary to quarantine such scholars as are afflicted or exposed till their physician shall give them a certificate that there is no danger of contagion from them."

The law in regard to cigarette selling says that "No person shall sell, give, or furnish cigarettes or tobacco in any form to minors under seventeen years of age, without the consent of parent or guardian." Any such minor seen smoking or using tobacco can be made to tell where it was obtained, if complaint is made against them. Steps are being taken to have the growing habit of cigarette smoking among boys in Chelsea thoroughly investigated and the laws of the state enforced against any who violate them. It seems from the statement of some of our dealers that it is quite customary for smaller boys, when they refuse to sell them cigarettes, to get older ones to purchase them for them. These older boys should remember that they are just as answerable to the law as the dealer would be if he violated it and subject to the same penalties.

Subscribe for the HERALD.

## Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Jan. 24, 1894.

Board met in Council Room.

Meeting called to order by President

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm Bacon, President.

Trustees Present—C. W. Well, Conkright,

Riemenschneider and Schumacher.

Trustees Absent—Whitaker.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

On motion the following bills were

allowed and orders to be drawn on treasurer for the amounts.

W. J. Knapp, hardware ..... \$ 2 15

Jas. Ackerson, hauling fire engine 1 00

Jacob Schumacher, repairs ..... 5 65

Thos. Leach, 52 yds gravel ..... 2 90

J. A. Palmer, fireman's fund, ... 26 00

G. Ahnhammer, 25 loads rubbish... 5 00

Fred Canfield, 2 loads tile..... 85

Rush Green salary for months of

November and December ..... 60 00

Glazier Stove Co. lighting streets

for months of Nov. and Dec. .... 120 00

Kempf & Company tile, lumber etc. 178 59

Thos. McNamar, digging 82 rods

of ditch ..... 12 80

Jas. Ackerson digging 10 rods ditch 4 00

Gil. Martin 1/2 day cleaning fire

engine ..... 63

Wilbur Van Riper 1/2 day cleaning

fire engine..... 63

The marshal was instructed to notify

Glazier Stove Co to fix reflectors on street

lamps.

On motion the board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

## Auction.

The undersigned having sold his farm, will sell at public auction on the premises, one mile south of Lima Center, to the highest bidder, on Thursday, March 15, 1894, Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m., his entire herd of grade Jersey cows and heifers, 23 in number, also 2 thoroughbred Jersey bulls and 1 native cow, as follows: 1 native cow 9 years old; 8 half Jersey cows coming 6 years old; 3 half Jersey cows coming 5 years old; 2 half Jersey cows coming 4 years old; 4 half Jersey cows coming 3 years old; 1 half Jersey heifer 1 year old; 3 three-quarters Jersey heifers 1 year old; 2 half Jersey heifers 10 months old; 3 three-quarters Jersey heifers 10 months old; one half Jersey heifer 4 months 1 seven-eighth Jersey heifer 9 months old; 1 thoroughbred Jersey bull, dark color, coming 4 years old; 1 thoroughbred Jersey bull fawn color, 18 months old. Not one of the above cattle are bred in.

2 work horses, 1 brood mare, 1 Clyde mare colt 2 years old on the 3rd day of next June. 1 Eureka mower, 2 lumber wagons, 1 single buggy, 1 horse rake, 1 spring tooth drag, 1 land roller, 1 grain drill, 1 fanning mill, 1 Deere two-horse corn and fallow cultivator, 1 single iron cultivator, 1 cutting box 13-inch cut, 1 caldron kettle, 1 corn sheller, 1 Dick's potato digger, 1 double harness, 1 single harness, 1 pair bob skighs, 2 Gale plows, 1 Burch plow, 1 single horse plow, a quantity of hay and numerous other articles.

Terms of sale—All sums of \$5 or under, cash, all sums over that amount, one years credit on approved endorsed notes at 6 per cent interest.

**GEO. H. MITCHELL.**  
GEO. E. DAVIS, Salesman.

## How to Fry Eggs.

"A fried egg is just as wholesome as a poached one, if it be done properly." Such was the announcement made by a physician whose dietary has already been quoted. To fry properly, the fat must be smoking hot and the food drained on absorbent paper, than which nothing is better than the coarse yellow-brown sort used in meat shops. That is the whole secret.

Eggs are among the most valuable of our resources in providing for children. For them, as for adults, it is not possible to prescribe the best method of cooking. One doctor says they should merely be allowed to set by standing in hot water. Another tells his patients to drop them into boiling water and boil rapidly for 20 minutes, or until the yolk is like powder. Poaching is insisted upon by others, whereas the personal experience of the writer is that they are far more digestible done in that way than in any other. It seems, in short, a matter of individual idiosyncrasy as to the method best suited to each. An admirable method, says the New York Times, not generally known, is steaming them in an egg boiler, under which there is a reversible cup for alcohol, so that they may be timed exactly and can be cooked hard or soft, according to taste.

The supreme court has decided by a unanimous opinion that a country treasurer has a right to exact a fee for a certificate that taxes have been paid, under section 185 of the general tax law of 1893.

## Beissel & Staffan

Offer for

Saturday, March 10,

- New Lettuce,
- Pineapples,
- Radishes,
- Young Onions,
- Sweet Potatoes,
- New Bermuda Tomatoes.

Vegetable Oysters, Parsnips, Beets, Turnips, Cabbages,

And in fact any thing you can think of in the vegetable line.

Also 100 pounds Genuine Maple Sugar, New Stock.

Oranges,

Lemons,

Bananas.

Another lot of Fancy Golden Russet Oranges at very low prices, considering quality.

Our supply of vegetables and fruits for last Saturday was about half enough to fill our orders. This week we have doubled our orders and will be able to supply all.

Get your orders in early and avoid delay in delivery.

**Fish.**

Positively the largest and best assortment of LENTEN Goods in Chelsea and at astonishingly low prices, quality considered. We buy only the best and guarantee ever article in this line to be first-class. Don't fail to see us before you invest a cent elsewhere.

For Canned Goods, Fish, Bottled Goods, Vegetables, Teas or Coffees don't fail to see our goods and get our prices before you buy.

The richest Confectionery; the best and the largest assortment of Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos in Chelsea is at the CORNER STORE.

**Beissel & Staffan.**  
1000 dozen eggs wanted.

## IS HERE!



**Dr. Hal A. Curtis,**

OF THE  
Japanese Remedy Co., of Osaka, Japan,  
IS HERE.

Giving Entertainments at the  
OPERA HOUSE.

The Dr. Straightens Cross Eyes and Extracts Teeth on the stage at each entertainment, Free and Painless. Don't miss seeing him.

Admission free, excepting Saturday nights.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Feb. 11th 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express..... 9.24 A. M.

Grand Rapids and Kalamazoo

Express..... 9.35 P. M.

Pacific Express..... 10.35 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Detroit and Jackson Accom..... 7.22 A. M.

Grand Rapids and Cal. Ex..... 10.35 A. M.

Mail and Express..... 3.42 P. M.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.



**TO CORRESPONDENTS.**  
All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. From names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

**THE Wells-Fargo Express Co.**, will place dynamite-proof safes on express cars to protect its valuables from train robbers.

**THE cave animals of North America**, according to Prof. A. S. Packard, of Brown university, comprise 172 species of blind creatures, nearly all of which are mostly white in color.

**THEY are talking of the biggest wheat crop Kansas ever harvested** as the outlook for the next season. A large acreage was sown, and the heavy snowfall has been giving it the best of protection.

**It is probable that the New York board of health will distribute to the housekeepers of that city a paper bag for all refuse matter.** The bags can be provided at an expense of about two cents each.

**CHICORY**, or succury plant, is raised principally in England, Holland, Belgium, France and Germany. A small quantity is raised in the United States, most of which is grown on a few hundred acres in California.

**THE bacillus of chronic rheumatism** has been tracked down, isolated, recognized and reproduced by Prof. Max Schuler. It is said to be short and thick, with bright granulations, which can easily be shown up by dyeing with aniline.

**ONE Montreal editor is on trial before the superior court of that city** for libeling another editor by calling him a Methodist. The complainant declares that he is a faithful Roman Catholic, and that it is not only a gross insult but an injury to his business as well as his sensibilities to be called a Methodist.

**THE New York legislature has been petitioned to enact such laws as will break up the white slavery as it exists in the metropolis known as the padrone system.** Under this system imported Italians are made to work for the importers for 75 cents a day, while the importer receives from the city \$1.50, he himself pocketing the extra 75 cents.

**A NEW competitor of the silkworm** has been found on the Dalmatian coast, according to a report of the French consulate in Trieste. The moth is similar to that of the silkworm, but the cocoon is much larger and the silk finer and snow-white. Experiments are being made with the intent of raising this newly discovered worm for commercial purposes.

**MISS MARY GARRETT**, daughter of the late railway president of Baltimore, is the wealthiest unmarried woman in the United States. She is past forty, trim of figure, with dark hair and soft brown eyes. She is fond of European travel, and goes abroad frequently. Her fortune is so large that she can not begin to spend her income. In fact, it is said that she is very moderate in her expenditures.

**A MINER in Arizona reports the finding of a most remarkable bridge** formed by a tree of agatized wood, spanning a canyon forty-five feet in width. The tree had at some remote time fallen and become imbedded in the silt of some great inland sea or mighty water overflow. The silt in time became sandstone, and the wood gradually passed through the stages of mineralization, until it is now a wonderful tree of solid agate.

**"A U. S. treasury note is no better than a silver certificate in common circulation,"** said Cashier Stout, of the Cincinnati sub-treasury, "but when you come to get them redeemed the one will be paid in gold, the other in silver, and the government will not give you a gold dollar for a silver one. Whenever a bank sends in a lot of currency for redemption we have to sort it out before paying, for the amounts of gold paid out must be balanced by the amounts of treasury notes taken in."

**THE return of Galusha A. Grow to congress after an absence of thirty years is notable because he is one of the most interesting of the "living links" that connect the days of the political eagles with the sparrows.** When he entered politics Lincoln and Sherman were country lawyers, Grant an obscure captain on the Pacific coast, and Garfield a mule driver on the Ohio canal. He saw Clay and Webster in their old age and Sumner and Everett in their prime. Mr. Grow will be seventy next August.

**SABLE ISLAND**, whence a carrier pigeon recently brought news of the wreck of the schooner Robert J. Edwards, is famous throughout the Canadian maritime provinces for its race of wild ponies. The little creatures were originally placed upon the island in order that they might furnish food for shipwrecked mariners frequently cast away there. The coarse salt grass of the island is cured and stacked in summer time, and upon this the ponies feed all winter. It is said that they eat their way deep into the stacks and thus find their only shelter from storms.

## WOULD END STRIKES.

**Lawyers Say That Would Be the Effect of Judge Jenkins' Rule.**

**Effort to Secure a Modification of His Northern Pacific Order—Its Continuance Would Place Labor in an Attitude of Slavery.**

### IMPORTANT LEGAL FIGHT.

MILWAUKEE, March 5.—Capital and labor met face to face in Judge Jenkins' court here Friday and began what promises to be a battle over a principle that is of national importance. It was a bold stand that capital, represented by the attorneys of the Northern Pacific railroad, took—the position that a judge could by writ compel men to refrain from quitting the service of an employer. In opposition to this the attorney for the United Organization of Railway Employees took the ground that it was the right of every man to quit the service of any other man, to work when he pleased and to rest when he pleased. Involved between these two widely divergent lines was the question of the right of labor to organize, to act in unison or to in any way combine to advance its interests.

The arguments Friday were upon the petition to Judge Jenkins to have him modify his famous strike order wherein he enjoined the employees of the Northern Pacific railway from quitting the service of the road, and to combat this the receivers were represented by a full array of counsel, with ex-United States Senator John C. Spooner at their head. The labor organizations were also well prepared for the struggle, having Attorney T. W. Harper, of Terre Haute, Ind., and Quarles, Spence & Quarles, of this city. The courtroom was crowded all day.

### Simply Wanted Better Wages.

Attorney Harper began the arguments for the plaintiff. He discussed the original and supplemental petitions of the Northern Pacific receivers, which averred that the Northern Pacific employees were all members of the eight great railroad organizations and asked for an injunction restraining the chiefs of these orders from advising or ordering the men to strike, without which order or advice they would not strike.

He went on to say that there was not a single allegation that if every man on the road quit work others could not be found to take their places. The petition did not aver that the men would quit for the purpose of crippling the road; it simply alleged that if they did quit it would cripple the road. The crippling of the road was an incident to, not the end of, their quitting. The end was simply to get higher wages elsewhere. Mr. Harper said that the men had the right to sell their services to the highest bidder.

### Judge Interrupts the Attorney.

"Who disputes that?" interrupted Judge Jenkins, somewhat petulantly. "This order, as I understand it," retorted Mr. Harper, somewhat savagely, "if it does not then I am about through. It not only enjoins them from quitting to receive higher wages elsewhere; it enjoins them from even talking about quitting."

The attorney followed in this vein, and said the liberties of the people must be carefully guarded and the men had a perfect right to work when they pleased and loaf when they pleased. After some further talk Mr. Harper was suddenly interrupted by the court demanding what a strike was, anyway, and there was a lively spat between the judge and the lawyer.

"Before I get through," roared the lawyer, "I will show you a special act of congress giving the men the very rights you have enjoined them from exercising."

The judge seemed disposed to argue, with the attorney, and said that one cause of the misunderstanding between the parties in the case was a misapprehension of what a strike really was.

Mr. Harper read the act of congress providing for the establishment of national labor unions, which declared that the men had the right to combine to regulate wages, reduce the hours of labor or improve their condition in any manner. What they could not do was to institute a boycott or keep other men from working, and the men did not ask to have those restrictions removed. He stated to the court that the chiefs who had been restrained could not order a strike. All they could do was to consent to a strike after two-thirds of the men on a road had voted to strike, and it was their special duty to see that two-thirds of the men had voted to strike before they gave their consent.

### Calls it Involuntary Servitude.

He then referred to the amendment to the constitution, which declares that there shall not be slavery nor involuntary servitude in the United States except as punishment for crime. Here there had been no crime, and if there had been the men should have been tried and convicted before they were compelled to work. It was a clear case of involuntary servitude. The men were not working because they wanted to or out of love for the receivers, but under the mandate of the court.

### Mr. Quarles' Argument.

Charles Quarles, of this city, followed Mr. Harper. He had not got fairly started before Judge Jenkins interrupted with the remark: "Will you please point out the clause which pro-

hibits the chiefs from conferring with the men."

Mr. Quarles read the clause in reference to ordering or advising a strike. "What is a strike?" asked the court sharply.

"It is a cessation of work by a concerted action for the purpose of securing an advantage to the party ceasing work," replied the lawyer.

Mr. Quarles continued on the line that the men had a perfect right to combine and to quit work if necessary. He had not got very far when the court interrupted him with the question: "But look here, Mr. Quarles, is it not a fact that they simply quit to enforce their demand?"

"Yes, it may be, and what the court wants to know evidently is whether they have the right to use this lever. As I said before, I claim they have the right to use the lever of inconvenience to the receivers. But your injunction forbids them to quit under any circumstances."

"They can quit to-morrow and go to Texas if they will," retorted the judge, a little excitedly. "But they don't want to do that. Their officers may advise them, too."

"But, your honor, they can't go unless each man puts as good a man in his place as he is himself, because your injunction forbids them from in any manner embarrassing the receivers in the operation of the road. If the object of the strike is to gain an advantage it is legal; if the object is to do injury, it is malicious. In either case no injunction is necessary, as the law punishes malicious trespass."

### Definition of a Strike.

At the opening of the afternoon session Attorney Quarles read a definition of a strike furnished by Grand Chief Clarke of the order of Railway Conductors. It was as follows:

"A strike is a concerted cessation of or refusal to work until or unless certain conditions which obtain or are incident to the terms of employment are changed. The employee declines to longer work, knowing full well that the employer may immediately employ another to fill his place, also knowing that he may and may not be reemployed or returned to service. The employer has the option of acceding to the demand and returning the old employees to service, of employing new men or of forcing conditions under which the old men are glad to return to service under the old conditions."

Following this up Mr. Quarles said that a strike was merely a combination to secure better wages or to protest against any unjust reduction. In this case the Northern Pacific employees had done no unlawful act and the only thing they were suspected of being about to do when the injunction was issued was to get the highest wages possible, a perfectly lawful proceeding, provided they did not violate any law.

### The Other Side.

Col. John H. McNaught opened the argument for the receivers. He began by making the broad statement that the object of the writ issued by the court was not intended to limit the right of the employees to quit. He added that he knew the writ did not prevent the men from quitting at any time they might choose, because he had asked the court to include that clause and the court had refused.

If the order to strike had been issued, said the attorney, great damage would have been done. People along the line of the Northern Pacific would have suffered for the necessities of life by the road being compelled to stop running trains. As it was, the turbulent element was held in check.

Mr. McNaught went on to read the clause in the by-laws of one of the labor unions, wherein it was specified that any man refusing to obey an order of the union leaders would be expelled. Attorney Harper interrupted to say that this did not apply to strikes but to orders relative to a settlement.

### Can Prevent Men from Quitting.

Changing his course a little Mr. McNaught argued that the court did have the power to prevent the men quitting, as the road was being operated under his orders.

"The court," shouted the lawyer, has the same power over these men that he has over his clerk."

"The clerk could quit," said Mr. Harper.

"Not if his action in so doing would embarrass the court."

"Humph," ejaculated Harper, "the receivers could quit."

"And throw this great estate into the street," shouted McNaught. "Ruin this great business involving millions of dollars."

"Yes, they can quit any time they see fit. The law can compel no man to serve in a position against his will."

### Called Harper an Anarchist.

Here occurred the most dramatic incident of the day. Attorney McNaught suddenly wheeled and facing Attorney Harper he exclaimed in a voice so shrill that it was almost a shriek: "That is anarchy; that is communism. I thought you were a lawyer, pardon me for saying it."

Harper is a man of massive proportions, and he did not move a muscle of his face, but, rising, said: "I repeat that the receivers can quit whenever they see fit. The law can compel no man to serve in a position against his will, and if that be anarchy make the most of it."

Before the adjournment the court said that he desired to hear counsel on the last clause in the injunction which restrained the heads of the various organizations from conferring or ordering a strike. Arguments will be resumed to-day.

As a result of the crusade inaugurated by Mayor Weir, scarlet women of Lincoln, Neb., are leaving for other points.

## FOUR KILLED.

**Terrible Tragedy Enacted in a New Jersey Home.**

**Two Burglars Murder a Mother and Her Babe—Both Brutely Killed by the Husband After a Most Desperate Struggle.**

### MET A BLOODY FATE.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 3.—Wednesday night two negroes named Henry Baker and William Thompson entered the residence of Moore Baker at Franklin Park, 6 miles west of this place, for the purpose of robbery. Upon being discovered by Mrs. Baker, who was up with a sick child, the robbers killed both her and the child. Mr. Baker then shot one of the negroes dead and killed the other with an ax. Mr. Baker was reported to have had a large sum of money in the house. The burglars effected an entrance to the house about midnight through the cellar door in the rear and went through the kitchen up the rear stairs to the second floor.

Mr. Baker, his wife and child slept in the front room. Mrs. Baker was up attending to the child, and hearing footsteps on the stairs she opened the door and saw Thompson, who carried an ax in his hand. He rushed at her with an oath and buried the blade in her skull, scattering the woman's brains over the walls of the room. Thompson then ran to the bed and struck the baby with the ax, killing it instantly.

Mr. Baker was horror-stricken at the sight of Thompson's crime, and with a cry of frenzy leaped at the slayer of his wife and babe. The black butcher turned with uplifted ax from his bloody work, and aimed a blow at Baker, but his aim was bad and the point of the ax buried itself in the floor. Then followed an unequal battle between the two, the second negro appearing confident of his confederate's success or dazed at the spectacle before him and not interfering. Baker, crazed with the horror of the crimes he had been unable to prevent, attacked the negro Thompson with the ferocity of a tiger. He tried to secure the ax, but Thompson was too quick, and they both laid hold of it at the same instant. Both strained for the possession of the weapon and in their fury they rolled and tumbled about in the rivers of blood that ran from the body of the murdered wife and that of the baby, which had fallen to the floor.

The contest was about equal for a time. The hands of both men were lacerated into shreds by the sharp point of the ax. Finally Baker tripped his opponent, and as the negro fell the ax struck Baker in the face. The blood from the wound almost blinded Baker, but he brushed it aside and, raising the ax, brought it down upon the head of the negro, who was attempting to rise. The blow was a true one, for the keen blade of the weapon crashed into the head of the negro almost at the center of the crown and tore the skull asunder down to the bridge of the nose. Thompson dropped like a shot, his blood mingling with that of his victims.

Wrenching the ax from the head of the negro Baker made a dash for the other negro, who had started to run away. Baker followed him in close pursuit, leaving a trail of blood behind. As the negro reached the rear door of the kitchen, in seeking to escape, Baker caught up a shotgun from a rack, and, pausing an instant in the doorway, took deliberate aim at the fugitive and fired both barrels. As he recoiled from the shock of the gun he saw the negro spring into the air and then fall face downward.

How Baker managed to return to the room where the murders and retribution occurred he does not remember, but his neighbors, who were aroused by the report of the gun, found him clinging to the chair when they rushed over to learn the cause of the disturbance. Baker could not add anything to the story told by the horrible scene they gazed upon. Some of his neighbors took him to his own room and dressed his wounds, which may yet prove fatal, while others made an examination of the bodies in the front room. All three, mother, child and murderer, were dead, their bodies frightfully mangled and indistinguishable in color by reason of the deep dye that covered every part of them. The body of the negro, Henry Baker, was found in the spot where the bullets from Moore Baker's gun had overtaken him. The burglar was not dead, and the neighbors were unanimously in favor of lynching him, but before they could carry out their plans he died.

The coroner took charge of the bodies and held an inquest. The jury found that the negroes had killed Mrs. Baker and her child Gertrude, and returned a verdict of justifiable homicide in the case of the killing of the negroes by Baker.

### Insane Man Kills His Wife.

LIMA, O., March 3.—Edward Froideux became insane over religion at Point Pleasant and secured a club, and after telling his family that he had been commanded by God to kill them, attacked his wife. He had beaten her to death when neighbors, who had been notified of his insanity by the little children, appeared on the scene and after a struggle succeeded in overpowering him.

## ROBBED A BANK.

**Masked Thieves Secure Over \$3,000 at Dexter, Mich.**

DEXTER, Mich., March 3.—O. C. Gregory, assistant cashier of the Dexter savings bank, was sandbagged and the vault robbed of \$3,200 at 7:10 o'clock Thursday morning. The bank stands facing the principal street in the heart of the town. A few minutes to 8 ex-Representative Newkirk, the cashier, entered the bank. Not seeing Gregory he supposed he had stepped out before opening for business. A moment later, noticing the vault doors partly open, he went to investigate, and found Gregory lying inside in an unconscious condition. Money was scattered loosely about the vault. Newkirk immediately gave the alarm. It was some time after assistance was called before Gregory was restored to consciousness, and then he was in a nervous condition. He told the following story:

"I reached the bank at 7 o'clock as usual and began sweeping out and preparing things for business. I had emptied the ash pan in the back yard and was returning through the rear door when the front door opened and two masked men with revolvers appeared. They called to me to make no outcry or they would shoot, and when they reached me I was ordered to open the vault. The vault lock is a time one and ran out at 7 o'clock, and the thieves evidently knew that the time had expired. They threatened to shoot if I did not open the lock and I did it. Just as the bolts were sprung one of the men hit me over the head and I lost consciousness."

Gregory could not give any description of his assailants. He says he was taken completely by surprise and as his back, after the first moment of meeting, was turned to the burglars, he had no chance to note any peculiarities about the dress or person of his assailants. Gregory is a young man of model habits, and is ambitious and a hard worker. No suspicion attaches to him.

Cashier Newkirk says it looked as if the men had been frightened away before securing all the funds. There was fully \$3,000 in currency in the vault and of this \$1,800 was dropped on the floor. It was not the dropping of a single package, for both coin and bills were scattered all over the floor. The time lock was fixed to run out at 7 because the bank opens soon after that time.

There is not the slightest clew. No one was seen either entering or leaving the bank. Exit was made by way of the back door. Careful inquiry fails to reveal trace of strangers having either entered or left the town for several days. The robbers probably escaped through the alley on to a back street and then into the country. Mr. Gregory is not seriously hurt, being about town with a badly bruised and swollen head. The local officers are at work and will be reinforced by detectives from other cities. The Dexter savings bank is practically a new institution, having been recently organized with a capital of \$20,000.

### STRIKERS DISPERSED.

**Soldiers Guarding the Mines in West Virginia.**

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 3.—With six seriously wounded and one dead as the result of the riot at the Eagle mines Wednesday night there has been much excitement, but no further bloodshed. The sheriff of Fayette county was promptly on hand with a very large posse before the seven companies of state troops arrived. The strikers rallied 1,500 men from Montgomery and Handley during the day and were determined to rout Wyant's men from their mountain intrenchments. They apparently dispersed on the display of troops, and Sheriff Fleming said he could control the situation with less troops.

Gov. McCorkle, thinking the trouble over, contemplated removing the troops and this word soon reached the men, who have their allies at the state capital. It was at once seen that the demonstrations were simply suspended in anticipation of the temporary presence of the troops.

At 3:30 p. m. Gov. McCorkle received a telegram from the sheriff and military officers in the command of the troops at Eagle declaring that there was likely to be a conflict between the civil and military authorities, and asking that martial law be declared. At 4 o'clock another dispatch was received from Gen. Wood that over 1,000 strikers had congregated at Montgomery and were determined to do serious damage. At the same time a dispatch was received from J. M. Gill, division superintendent of the Chesapeake & Ohio railway, asking the governor to rescind the order to remove two of the military companies, as serious trouble was threatened. Accordingly the governor countermanded his order and the three companies will remain till this (Friday) afternoon, if not longer. The governor also sent Col. R. S. Carr of his staff to the scene with instructions to declare martial law if necessary.

### Corbett Not Guilty.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 3.—At 8:31 o'clock Thursday afternoon the jury in the case against James J. Corbett charged with violating the laws of Florida by engaging in a prize fight, retired to make up a verdict. At 4:07 o'clock, or sixteen minutes later, the jury returned a verdict finding the defendant not guilty. Charlie Mitchell was present when the verdict was announced, and he leaned over and grasped Corbett by the hand and whispered congratulations. Mitchell, of course, considered the verdict in the light of a practical acquittal for himself, as a case against him of a similar nature is pending.







## Here and There.

Two drops of camphor on your tooth brush will give your mouth the freshest, cleanest feeling imaginable, will make your gums rosy and absolutely prevent anything like cold sores or affection of your tongue.

It is computed that the death rate of the world is 67 a minute and the birth rate 70 a minute, and this seemingly light percentage of gain is sufficient to give a net increase of population each year of almost 1,900,000 souls.

Matches are little things, and cheap enough as you can buy a big box of them for a cent, but the manufacturers make a little profit just the same. The Diamond Match Co. during the year of 1893, made a net profit of nearly a million and a half dollars.

From the Ann Arbor Argus: "Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lathrop, of this city, attended the birthday celebration of Mr. Norman Clark, of Chelsea, Thursday, March 1st. Mr. Clark was 83 years old March 1st, and is hale and hearty. As Mrs. Lathrop's birthday occurs on the same day of the month as Mr. Clark's, it has been the custom for 20 years to exchange visits on that day—one year the Lathrops spend the day at the home of Mr. Clark and the next Mr. Clark spends the day at the home of the Lathrops. The occasion is always a pleasant one to the participants."

Chicago papers published a full synopsis of W. W. Wedemeyer's speech on Washington's Birthday, delivered under the auspices of the Union League Club of that city before the West Division High School. A large crowd was in attendance and listened to it. He took for his subject "Some Lessons from the Life of Washington," and gave an address that did credit to himself and the University whose representative he was at the time. Mr. Wedemeyer is to be congratulated upon the most excellent manner in which he carried out his part of it.—Courier.

The eighth annual convention of the Christian Endeavor societies of Michigan will be held in Detroit, March, 21-22. Preparations are being made to entertain, free of cost, fifteen hundred delegates. These, with two thousand Christian Endeavorers in Detroit, will make the largest convention of young people ever held in Michigan. The Auditorium, which will hold five thousand people, will be used for these meetings. Young people expecting to attend this Convention are urged by the Detroit Christian Endeavor Union to send in their names as early as possible. Applications for entertainment may be made to D. T. Smith, 169 Selden Ave., Detroit, Mich.

The season of "didn't-know-it-was-loaded" is on. It was opened the other evening at Decatur. Sitting down to a game of cards in the home of his fiancée a young man took from his pocket a revolver and, extracting what he supposed to be all of the cartridges, laid it on the table, jocosely remarking that it should be used on the first one who quarreled. A play made by the girl was questioned. Recalling his former remark she jokingly pointed the weapon at the young man's head; there was an explosion and her partner at cards and intended husband was dead on the floor. Neither "knew it was loaded." Human understanding cannot account for the desire, strong in some people, to carry a revolver. Much less can it account for the uncontrollable passion to "fool" with it. There was no more reason for the young man to carry a pistol than to wear armor or to wheel around with him a Hotchkiss gun. The sorrow which his deed has brought on the girl will doubtless serve, in her case at least, as an everlasting warning not to play with a revolver, loaded or unloaded.

While the prevailing hard times have had their bitter results for a great many, they will serve, in the opinion of our leading financiers, says an Exchange, to impress upon the American people the lack of one characteristic they sadly need, and that is thrift. The world has never seen a nation so reckless of ordinary economy as our people. The amount we have wasted collectively in one century of growth would have endowed a country nearly as rich as we are to-day. Our people have always manifested the same free and easy disposition in the matter of expenditure, the same unwillingness to deny themselves immediate satisfaction for the sake of greater benefits later, and there are not a few of the unemployed to day who could easily have saved enough to tide over the present period of suffering with but little real self denial and an ordinary amount of prudence. If the prevailing distress in so many quarters teaches the much-needed lesson of reasonable economy the country will gain more than it has lost from the disciplining it has received. But, like the boy who was chastised as a reformatory measure, we fail to appreciate the lesson while we are struggling with the affliction which may result in our future good.

## Do You Eat Vegetables.

Potatoes are not so important or so digestible an article of diet as might appear from their consistency and the universality of their use. Two pounds of wheat contain as much nutriment as seven pounds of potatoes. The starchy nature of the vegetable renders it necessary to withhold it from those who suffer from intestinal digestion, the presence of which may be known by distress being suffered several hours after eating rather than directly after a meal. They are also bad for all children who have a tendency to soft bowels.

There is one common disease of children which indicates infallibly the necessity for fresh vegetables. That is bleeding of the gums when a toothbrush is used. The trouble is really a mild form of scurvy and should receive prompt attention. Succulent vegetables are the best remedies. With watercress and lettuce so abundant in the winter season, there is no excuse for this trouble.

Asparagus and tomatoes have a favorable action on the kidneys. Peas and beans when fresh, are nourishing, but when dried produce flatulence. Spinach is neutral and of little value. Beets, turnips and carrots are all more or less indigestible, but artichokes are similar in their properties to asparagus. The value of onions is universally recognized.

Of fruits, apples and pears are the most nutritious, and stone fruits are considered the least digestible, though well known specialists contend that fresh ripe fruits of any kind, eaten in moderate quantities, is not hurtful to any except those who may be suffering from some forms of disease.

Apples act on the liver, says the New York Times, and so well is this understood that in certain country districts the household remedy for "bilious attacks" is hard cider. For children a glass of cider which is between sweet and sour will frequently ward off an attack of this kind.

## A New Theory About Jonah.

A southern man says that Rev. Mr. Jasper, of Richmond, who believes that "the sun do move," is the author of an original and unique explanation of the story of Jonah and the whale. It is as follows: "Dat country war a sea shoah, an' de hotels day was named afteh de things ob de sea. Dah was de Sailors' Rest, de Mariners' Retreat, de Seafaring Man's Home an' a lot ob sich places, jest as 'yo kin fin' 'em at Norfolk now. Among dese places was one called de Whale's Belly. Jonah came along, an' he didn't hab no scrip in his purse. He stand dar tree days, an' when the landlady found he didn't hab any money she spewed him out. It is gib to us to show when we don't treat a man right kase he's pore we may be kickin' an angel unawares!"

## How Do You Cross Your "Ts"?

A graphologist has discovered that character can be read from the letter "t" alone, according to an English paper. He claims that the vertical line represents the fatality of life, and the horizontal bar the influence human will exercises over this fatality.

In addition, he claims that the higher or lower a writer crosses the "t" is a guide to the amount of idealism contained in his nature, and that the lower part of the letter corresponds to the practical and material part of the man's character.

For instance, the optimist crosses his t's with a line that slopes upward—from the ground to the sky, as it were. The poet often crosses his t's quite above the vertical line—in other words, in the sky.

The pessimist crosses his t's with a downward sloping stroke. The line which is below the ideal portion of the letter descends little by little until it is lost among the sad realities of earthly existence.

The practical man, it appears, always steers a middle course, and crosses his t's neither in the ideal nor in the material manner, but exactly midway between both.

## Excursions.

Christian Endeavor Union State Convention, at Detroit. Date of sale March 23rd. Rate one and one-third fare for round trip.

Annual State Encampment, G. A. R., at Owosso, March 20 to 24. Date of sale March 19, 20 and 21st, good to return March 24th.

Sheep seem to thrive particularly well on English rape and it is being extensively cultivated in Canada and some portions of Wisconsin. With the present low prices of all farm products the farmer must keep his eyes open and avail himself of all natural opportunities to make his farm pay. It takes brains to be a successful farmer these times and our sympathies are with the farmer who is really the salt of the earth.

## Read and Remember.

Don't fail to place the stamp in upper right hand corner.

Don't place the address so there will be no room for the postmark.

Don't fail to notify your postmaster of any change of your address.

Don't delay the delivery of any mail that you take out for another.

Don't mail any letters until you are sure they are properly stamped.

Don't mail any letters until you are sure they are completely and properly addressed.

Don't fail to give your correspondents your full address so that a new postman can not fail to find you.

Don't fail to sign your letters in full so that if they reach the dead letter office they may be promptly returned.

Don't trust to the fact that you are an "Old resident and well known citizen," but have your letters addressed in full.

Don't in a hurry of business in addressing a letter, write the name of your own state instead of the person addressed.

Don't write on an envelope "In haste," or "Care of postmaster." It does no good, and tends to confusion in rapid handling.

## The Grip.

An experience with this disease during all its past epidemics, warrants the bold claim that Dr. King's New Discovery will positively cure each and every case if taken in time, and patient takes the ordinary care to avoid exposure. Another thing has been proven, that those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery, escape the many troublesome after results of this disease. By all means get a bottle and try it. It is guaranteed, and money will be refunded if no good results follow its use. Sold by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Was a woman ever known to blow out the gas or to be bounced by a man who wanted to borrow money to pay a freight bill? Does she ever get her pockets picked or lose money on a "little game"? If she has a roll of money with her, does she ever flash it out when she wants to buy a cake of chewing? Isn't it a fact that she is wiser with money when she is traveling than the men and more to be trusted? Instead of a woman having a man along to "protect" her, the daily papers prove that every man that goes away from home should have a woman to act as a guardian and keep him from making a bigger fool of himself than he naturally is.

## La Grippe.

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past seasons it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. King's New Discovery, not only had a speedy recovery but escaped all of the troublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of a Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottles at Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

## Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Mar. 5, 1894.

Joseph Navarre.  
Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

WM. JUDSON, P. M.

In a case hinging upon the interpretation of what is commonly known as the Saturday half-holiday law passed by the last legislature, the supreme court holds that the law is valid and that, while banks have the privilege of keeping open on Saturday afternoon, notes cannot be made on that half-holiday any more than on any other holiday and they cannot be presented for payment after 12 o'clock noon Saturday. The opinion sets forth that if a note be made payable Saturday, and it is not nominated in the bond that the maker of the note shall be prepared to pay the same Saturday morning, he shall be given until the following Monday to meet his obligation, or if Monday should be a holiday, until Tuesday.

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## Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery. William Batzer, Complainant, vs. Johanna Batzer, Defendant.

Subt pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw in Chancery, at Ann Arbor, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1894, in the 22 Judicial Circuit for the State of Michigan.

It is satisfactorily appearing to this Court by affidavit on file, that the defendant, Johanna Batzer, is not a resident of this state, but resides at Rosenfelden Peterwalds, West Prussia in the German Empire, on motion of Lehman Bros. Complainant's Solicitors, it is ordered that the said defendant, Johanna Batzer, cause her appearance to be entered herein within five months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance that she cause her answer to the complainant's Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitors, within twenty days after service on her of a copy of said bill, and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days after the date herof the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the above time prescribed for her appearance.

E. D. KINNE,  
Circuit Judge.

LEHMAN BROS.  
Complainant's Solicitors.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by John W. Cowan and Dorcas M. Cowan, his wife, to Charles Kingsley, bearing date the 1st day of March, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1894, in Liber 33 of Mortgages on Page 11, and duly assigned by Charles Kingsley, Jr., executor of the last will and testament of said Charles Kingsley deceased, to Anna K. Calkin by assignment, bearing date the 1st day of January, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1894, in Liber 11 of Assignment of Mortgages on Page 129. By which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due, at this date, the sum of Five Hundred and Fourteen dollars and twenty Five Cents (\$542.00) as an Attorney fee, as provided for in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, and no suit or proceeding at law, or in Chancery, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Notice is therefore given that, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1894, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the East door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in said County of Washtenaw, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw), by sale at Public Auction to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage, which said mortgaged premises are described in said mortgage as follows, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Manchester, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit, the North half (1/2) of the South East quarter of the North West quarter of section number two (2), in Township number four (4) South of range number three (3) East, containing twenty acres of land, be the same more or less.

Dated Chelsea, Mich., January 25, 1894.  
ANNA K. CALKIN, Assignee.  
G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for assignee.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Maria A. Gibson, by Henry Gibson her Attorney in fact, Edward Sumner and Alice Schuman, his wife, Mary C. Carr, Abner Perry, Abner Newton, and Jennie Newton, his wife, Charles H. Kempp, bearing date the Twenty-fourth day of September, A. D. 1893 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1893, in Liber 77 of Mortgages on Page 166, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at this date the sum of One Thousand and Forty-eight Dollars and Twenty-five Cents (\$1,048.25) as an Attorney fee as provided in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, and no proceeding at law or in Chancery having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Notice is therefore hereby given that, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1894, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw), by sale at public auction to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage while said mortgage premises are described in said mortgage as follows, viz: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate in the Township of Sylvan and Lyon, in Township two (2) South of range three (3) East (Township of Sylvan).

Also the North-east part of the North-west fractional quarter of said section three (3) in Township of Sylvan.

Also the South half of the South half of the North-west quarter of the South-west quarter of section four (4) in said Township of Sylvan.

Dated Chelsea, Mich., December 14th, 1893.  
CHARLES H. KEMPP, Mortgagee.  
G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for Mortgagee.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made for more than thirty days in payment of an installment of interest due on a mortgage executed by Charles W. Glover and Orlean M. Glover to Mary A. Starkweather, dated January 7th, 1893, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, State of Michigan January 10th, 1893 in Liber 79 of Mortgages on page 250, for which default the mortgagee has elected to consider and treat the whole amount of said mortgage as now due and payable as provided for in said mortgage, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and Attorney's fee, as provided for in said mortgage, the sum of Sixty-four Hundred and Forty Dollars. Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, (subject to a Mortgage of \$5,000 and interest given to the Ypsilanti Savings Bank), at Public Vendue to the highest bidder on the 4th day of May next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Southern front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in said County, to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and all legal costs to-wit: Lots A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, and all other lands, original plot of the Village (now City) of Ypsilanti, Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Dated, Feb. 8th, 1894.  
MARY A. STARKWEATHER, Mortgagee.  
D. C. GRIFFIN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

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